BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM

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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

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POLITICAL NOTES.

—The *World* says the verdict of the Committee in the case of Brooks is a warning to corrupt Congressmen not to be Democrats.

—The Massachusetts House has decided that Senator Wilson's successor cannot be legally elected before the second Tuesday in March.

—Through the exertions of Senator Lemon, the bill appropriating seventy-five thousand dollars for the relief of the sufferers by fire in Somerset was passed in the Senate last week.

—Senator Wilson of Massachusetts, has written his letter of resignation to the United States Senate, the same to take effect on March 3, the day previous to his entry into the office of Vice President of the United States.

—Minister Sickles, in conformity with instructions from Washington, formally recognized the Republic of Spain on Saturday. This important recognition was received at its full value on behalf of free Spain by Senor Figueras.

—Mr. Pomeroy's winter of discountent was made still gloomier on Monday by the testimony of of Senator York. The latter told his story plainly and in a straightforward manner, carrying conviction to the minds of his hearers.

—President Grant has issued a message to Congress in regard to affairs in Utah. He asked Congress to adopt some measures by which the laws of the United States, now treated with "open defiance and contempt," may be enforced.

—The St. Louis *Democrat*, of Monday last, published a private letter saying that Prince Bismark is suffering from poison communicated to his system by reading poison letters; and that his wife who was in the habit of assisting him in this labor, is suffering likewise.

—A new song by Don Piatt has just made its appearance in the musical circles at Washington. It is dedicated to Senator Pomeroy, and is after the old familiar air of Ben Bolt. The first lines are:

"Don't you remember sweet Alice,
Old Pom!"

—It is not conductive to our national pride, and does not tend to make us unduly puffed up over our educational systems, to learn from the report of the commissioner of education that of our population over ten years old, 5,658,144 cannot read or write. And that in 1870 only 26,422,572 persons in this country could write. Of course the consequences of slavery, and the influx of illiterate foreigners, account for much of this. But we ought to do better.

—Gov. Walker of Virginia, has sent a special message to the Legislature of that State embodying two plans for the assumption of the Southern State debts or the interest thereon by the General Government. The Governor argues earnestly in favor of these propositions and invites the co-operation of all the Southern States to secure their adoption.

—There can be no doubt the moral obliquity of any man, who dabbled in Credit Mobilier or Pacific railroad bonds, while a member of Congress, and voting subsidies in lands and moneys to the Union Pacific railroad. Party fealty can excuse no one; the public will mark with the brand of infamy all who are clearly proven to have been thus implicated.

—The chief subject of discussion in the Constitutional Convention for a week past has been the manner of voting, and it now seems probable that the only change that will be made from the the present system will be to require the voter to write, or cause his name to be written, on his ballot, attested by one witness who shall not be an election officer; also permit him to cast it either openly or secretly.

—The New Postal Cards.—The Postmaster General has issued advertisements for bids for the new penny postal cards. It is the intention of the Department to have the cards ready for issue by the 1st of May. It will be impossible to make the necessary arrangements sooner. The Postmaster General has already received such orders for new cards as lead him to believe that 100,000,000 will be used the first year.

Coming back in such numbers as they do, 'tother paper must make transportation a little expensive to "Uncle Samuel."—*Brown's Republican.*

In the above we have a text upon which we desire to make the following statements: Since we took charge of this paper, nearly two months since, some of the former subscribers have discontinued their subscriptions. We were total strangers in the county, and the impression was abroad that the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN was a dead letter.—Subsequently a report was circulated that we would not stay here long, that we had not sufficient means to publish the paper, and that it was controlled and published in the interest of a certain clique. To these reports we make the following answers, and desire every Republican in this county to understand them:

We have bought and paid for the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN. It is *ours*, and we intend to publish it and build it up until the Republicans of this county will not be ashamed of their organ. We feel ourselves abundantly able, both financially and otherwise, to do this. *It is ours*, and as such we will conduct it to suit our taste and the interests of the party whose cause we espouse. It shall be controlled by no influence or clique, but by our own ideas of right and fairness, and our aim shall be to unite all the elements of our party, thereby strengthening it, to redeem this county to Republican rule. If our subscribers do not like this course of ours, and do not think they are getting value received for their subscription price, we shall admire their course if they send the paper back. Under the same circumstances we would do the same thing. If they are afraid we will not fulfill our engagements, we will admire their business tact if they make no engagements with us. If they desire to make our party what it should be, if they want a true exponent of the party, and a paper that will give them the news of the day in a plain unvarnished way, we will be glad to serve them. Our subscription list is a good one, if we have lost some subscribers; but we discounted that before we bought the paper. We are getting new subscribers every day, and to all we say: if you like our paper, and are getting your money's worth, well and good; if not, send your paper back.

LOCAL OPTION.

The election on last Friday was one of no little moment. The campaign, although a warm one, was entirely stripped of political issues. There was no contest between the two parties in this county. Advocates and opponents of license for once threw aside the vestments of party predelections and placed the issue clearly on its merits. Whether the Buckalew law, so long in force without satisfying the crying necessity for a more stiffening rein on this dreadful evil, was to give place to total prohibition and thereby produce beneficial results, was a mooted question among many of our best citizens; but the verdict rendered is of no mistakable significance.

A large majority in this county asks that the new law be given a thorough and impartial trial for the term of three years. Let the law now be carried out to the very letter that its virtues or imperfections may be thoroughly tested.

We do not look for an immediate or extraordinary change in the habits of intemperate people, but certainly the result must be a salutary one upon the rising generation. Our only regret is that it was not made a State issue. It would certainly have been carried by a decided majority while the counties that need it the most will in all probability vote to retain the license system.

THE themometer registered eleven degrees at five o'clock on last Monday morning. Smiling spring got the cold shoulder.

—The Niagara ship canal project, now before Congress, would cost about twelve million dollars.

OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT.

We take great pleasure in introducing to our readers this week a valued correspondent at Washington. He is well known in this county, was born and raised here—served his country faithfully in war, and no less faithfully in peace. He has kindly consented to give our readers a weekly letter, which will no doubt prove both newsy and interesting. He has unusual facilities for seeing the inside of politics at the capitol and being careful as to his statement of facts, all that he says may be relied upon as actual verity, a statement which can hardly be risked as to many of the newspaper correspondents at Washington. He prefers to write without signature, a fact which may detract a little from the satisfaction with which some of our readers may read his letters, but not from their instrinsic worth.

We may state in this connection that we are arranging for a weekly letter from Harrisburg, which will give a *resume* of all the news which more immediately concerns our county and those adjoining us. We recognize the fact that the great majority of our readers take no daily paper, and for them especially our paper must be made up. Some of our general news may seem a little stale to those who have ready and constant access to the daily papers, but for their benefit we shall make our local columns as interesting as possible.

THOSE remarkable individuals (says the *Lehigh Register*) who carry the brains of the Republican party about with them—we refer to those gentlemen once known as Liberals—are especially gratified at the present result of the Credit Mobilier business. They think they see in it sufficient cause for their departure from the Republican ranks, and they are comforted. They *backed* into the ranks of Democracy and, while fleeing from imaginary dangers, to their faces they have failed to see M. Brooks, Mr. Tweed and the other demoniacal spirits who will eventually shove them to the rear and overwhelm them in Democratic corruption. The error the misguided Liberals commit is that while they taunts other with wearing the yoke of party leaders, they themselves place too much importance in *leaders*. How is the "rank and file?" would be a question far more worthy of consideration. If it is honest, intelligent and fully capable of exercising the rights of citizenship, it composes the safest party to belong to.

Individual greatness and brilliancy are nothing compared with the importance of an intelligent constituency. Under Democratic manipulation, our Government would be little better than a monarchy, where a few bright lights control everything and the "rank and file" place undoubted confidence in them. But the Republican party is sound at the core. If any of our servants whom we send down to Washington to look after our interests prove recreant to their trusts, we can cast them overboard and send new ones in their places. It matters not, with the Republican party, we are growing intelligent men continually and we will have no difficulty in finding substitutes for those who show any connection with corruption.

The Republican party made this country what it is to-day, and because Schuyler Colfax, or any other man, speculated in Credit Mobilier stock, is not sufficient grounds for breaking up the party and handing over the power to those who misused it so badly when they were given a trial. A few of the leaders may prove false, but the Republican party is going to take care of the interests of the country, and roll up the same heavy majorities in the future as astounded the Liberals last Fall.

THE DECLINE OF PUBLIC TASTE.

Poetry and oratory, like our cereals, seem to flourish best in virgin soil just redeemed from the wilderness. Luxury and refinement are their mortal enemies, and when the one degenerates into over-indulgence, and the other into effeminacy, the powers of vigorous thought and vivid imagination are seriously impaired or obliterated. A comparison of the ripe productions of antiquity, the splendid periods of Massilon, Burke and Addison; the concise and forcible sentences of Hamilton, Henry, Clay and Webster, with the best productions of our orators of this generation are not flattering to our national vanity. The elevated thought, vigorous expression and finished style of these men seem to have been measurably lost, and their place is attempted to be supplied by diffuse description, labored analysis and harmless invective. The causes which have led to this decline, are numerous and marked in their effect. Chief among these is our intemperance in reading.—We have become a nation whose chief literature is the current news of the day. This literary dissipation, and the light and diffuse style of the current periodicals of the day, have invaded the pulpit, bench and cabinet, until our literature is all formed upon this flimsy model. The orators of antiquity, and the best writers and thinkers of modern times, were men of few books, their ideas were not gathered from the floating nebulae of a depraved current literature, but evolved from their own minds by patient thought and careful investigation, hence their originality and the finished dress in which they are clothed.

Another damaging tendency is the indecent haste with which we rush into print. In earlier times it was thought that it required something of ability and much of careful preparation to fit one to become a public instructor, and that matured productions should be committed to the printed page. Now, every one who can buy a newspaper or bribe a publisher, feels fully justified in exposing his immature wares to the admiring gaze of a debauched public taste. In ancient times men wrote and spoke for immortality, in modern times for posterity, now for brief notoriety.

Let any one who disputes this decline of literary taste attempt to induce some shrewd business man to engage in the publication of a paper of the style of the *Spectator*, the *Idler*, or the *Rambler*, or the *Federalist* of more modern times, and he will immediately be met by the valid objection that our people do not read such literature, that it would be a financial failure.

This evil has become so wide-spread and so deeply rooted that it will require generations to fully correct it. Our late war did much to promote its growth and extend its influence.

Money and muscle were the wants of the times, and the modest scholar who was laboring for the education of the public mind and the correction of the public taste sank into obscurity amid the din of arms and the greedy rush for gold. The remedy for this evil seems to us to be the Nemesis of an incorruptible and remorseless criticism. Let our respectable journals close their columns against commendatory notices of books and periodicals which debauch the public taste, and open their batteries of criticism and ridicule against all who assume the role of public instructors without the necessary qualifications. An awakened public sentiment would soon second them in their efforts, and the brainless journals and books of the day would be swept into merited oblivion.

AN ACT

DECLARATORY OF THE LAW RELATING TO SQUARE TIMBER TAKEN ADRIFT IN THE WEST BRANCH, AND REGULATING THE CONTROL OF THE SAME.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the same*, That it is the true intent and meaning of the several acts of this General Assembly regulating the taking up of lumber or logs adrift in the West Branch of the Susquehanna and its tributaries, that none of the provisions thereof are applicable to squared timber taken from landings or moorings, or from the banks of the said streams within the counties of Elk, Cambria, Cameron, Indiana, Centre, Clinton, or Lycoming, by extraordinary freshets or ice-floods, and driven or floated down the said streams thereby, but that all of the squared timber so, as aforesaid, taken adrift and lodged or found upon the banks, within the bed or on lands adjoining said West Branch or its tributaries, at any point on the same, shall be as fully, to all intents and purposes, the property of those out of whose possession the same was taken by said freshet or floods, at the place at which it may be found, as it was when lying at the landings from which it was taken away, and no claim for salvage, bank leave, or labor expended thereon shall be of any validity whatever in regard thereto, but the parties owning the same, or their agents, may enter on the said lands adjoining the said streams, or within the bed or banks thereof, and remove the same by paying such damages as may accrue to the owners of the land on which said timber may be found.

SEC. 2. That the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, or two of its Judges, shall appoint three experienced and competent lumbermen, actually engaged in the business of taking square timber to market, who shall each give bond in five thousand dollars, with two sureties, to be approved by the said Judges, for the faithful performance of their duties, who shall be known as prize masters, and shall be subject to the control and jurisdiction of the said Court in all things relating to their said duties, and it shall be their duty to take charge of all unmarked square timber so, as aforesaid, taken adrift by extraordinary freshets or ice floods on the streams and its tributaries aforesaid, and found and being in the bed, on the banks on lands adjoining the said streams, or in the custody and possession of persons whom they have reason to suspect obtained the same without authority, to gather up the same and secure it wherever found and in whosesoever possession the same may be, to distinctly mark the same with a mark by them to be selected and duly registered at all the booms and in the offices of the Prothonotaries of Clearfield and Clinton counties, to keep accurate accounts of the same by size, length, kind of timber, and apparent value, and they shall hold said squared timber, to deliver it to the owner or owners at any time prior to the sale thereof, when he or they shall satisfy, by proof, the said prize masters, or a majority of them, that it is his or their property, and shall pay to them a just pro rata for the expenses incurred in taking up and securing the same; they shall, after three months from such freshets shall have passed, or at such other times as they may fix, proceed to sell, in open market, for the best price they can obtain, all of the said timber then remaining in their hands for which no owner hath appeared and proved his right, and after deducting the expenses of the performance of their duties herein provided for and of securing and selling said squared timber, they shall distribute the proceeds, under the order of the Court aforesaid, pro rata among all those who shall prove, to an Auditor to be by said Court appointed, the quality, value, kind and character of the timber so, as aforesaid, taken from them; and no provision of law now in existence shall authorize any boom company in said stream to charge for boomage or hold therefor any square timber going into the said booms, but on demand therefor, either by the owners thereof, or by the prize masters herein named, the same shall be delivered up at the earliest day practicable, and a right of action shall accrue to and exist in favor of said prize masters for all unmarked square timber, which, on demand therefor, shall not be to them delivered by any corporation, person or persons, in whose possession the same may be, and the said corporation, person or persons, shall not be permitted to defend said action by showing title or ownership thereof in any other person or persons, corporation or corporations than themselves; provided that they may show and prove a bona fide purchase thereof from the real owner before suit brought.

SEC. 3. All laws or parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this Act be and the same are hereby repealed.

W. ELLIOTT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

GEO. H. ANDERSON,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED the Eleventh day of February, Anno Domini One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-Three.

J. F. HARTRANFT.

AND now, to wit: The Fourteenth day of February, in pursuance of the foregoing Act of Assembly, the Hons. Wm C. Foley and John J. Reed, by authority in them vested, do hereby appoint as Commissioners or Prize Masters Wm. Powell, Esq., and James Mitchell, of Clearfield Borough, and Wm. D. Irvin of Curwensville, to execute all the provisions of the Act.

WE now call upon the borough authorities to put the water works in good running condition. Let the geese be driven from the spring, the new engine set in motion, and every hydrant and firoplug unlimbered, with a gross of tin-cups at every street corner. Total abstinence is upon us, and the lawful beverage is cold water. Let the supply be pure and plentiful.

D. S. KELLER, of this county, now in the Department of the Interior, Washington, D. C., will return to this county and make his home permanently in Bellefonte in April.

THE S. S. Convention in Stormstown, was well attended, and a renewed interest is awakened thereabouts in the good cause.

HON. P. G. MEEK, has a white cow that gives blue milk three months in the year. His cow, or some of the same milk, must furnish the supply for our hotels.

STATE NEWS.

—A new charter for Pittsburg is proposed.

—A Pittsburg father presented his daughter with two loaded coal barges for her wedding present.

—There is almost as much coal being shipped from Broad Top at present, as at any time during the war.

—Many of the rivers are rising again. The Lehigh, Susquehanna, James, Monongahela, and Potomac are all swollen.

—Mad dog excitement prevails in Lancaster county. Forty-seven dogs bitten by a single mad dog were killed in consequence.

—An individual at St. Mary's while attending the polls at the late election, had his back broked. His name was "Logel Obshun Bill."

—Twelve prisoners broke jail at Lebanon, Pa., on Friday night, and escaped over the wall by forming their bed clothes into a rope.

—A Reading lady, on returning home, found her cow in the parlor chewing its cud and gazing contentedly into the mirror.

—Glass barrels are to be soon used for the transportation of petroleum in order to save the heavy loss from evaporation in ordinary packages.

—After twenty-three years of wedded life Nancy Kyle, of Middleton, sues her husband for wages as housekeeper, claiming $15 a month for the full period.

—August McCullough, employed at Allison & Bannan's foundry, Pottsville, was crushed to death by a large piece of cast-iron, weighing one ton, falling on him one day last week.

—The suppliment to the act incorporating the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, authorizing the increase of capital stock, has been recalled from the Governor by the State Senate.

—A handsome deck of cards was purchased by a boy in Elizabethtown, with a dollar which he received for committing to memory eight hundred Bible verses.

—It cost the brewers of Reading thirty thousand dollars to secure a majority in that city in favor of license. When the vote is again taken it will cost sixty thousand.

—A paper in a northern county recently made the statement that "two thousand cart loads of cats had been shipped over a certain Western railroad." The editor meant "oats."

—The Fairview *Reporter* says there is a couple living in Cranberry township who now, in the eleventh year of their married life, are the happy father and mother of twelve children.

—"Jury" said a Pennsylvania judge, "you kin go out and find a verdict. If you can't find one of your own, get the one the jury last used." The jury returned a verdict of "suicide in the ninth degree."

—A coal breaker at Tamaqua this State, was destroyed by fire on the morning of the 12th. Five hundred tons of coal were burned with it. The fire originated in the boiler house. Loss $40,000. Insurance $20,000.

—Artificial butter is the newest. It's made of suet, water, carbonate of potassa, and finely divided fresh sheep's stomachs. After considerable mixing it is churned and the best Bradford tub butter comes forth.

—The Tyrone *Herald* is informed that a mineral has been discovered in that county which, after being bathed in hot water, answers every purpose for which the diamond is used. It is equally as brilliant, and cuts glass just as well.

—The Cincinnati express which left Pittsburg last Monday afternoon struck a man on the track near Irwin's station, killing him instantly. From papers on his person his name was found to be Guy Wise, and that he was traveling on foot from Kalamazoo, Michigan, to Williamsport.

—Seth Green, the great pisciculturist, says the Susquehanna is the best river in the Union outside of California for the propagation of the celebrated California salmon and that a million or more will be at once put in the river if the necessary legislation is had in time.

—The late ex-Governor Geary having died intestate, letters of administration upon his estate have been issued by the register of Dauphin county to Colonel Francis Jordan, late Secretary of the Commonwealth. The selection of Colonel Jordan as administrator was in compliance with the request of the late ex-Governor's family.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Wednesday Morning, Feb. 26, 1873.

Our Story Teller.

A LOVER'S QUARREL.

PART I.

"And I say it isn't——"

"Fanny!"—a pause after the word, as if the speaker tried to get rid of a lump in his throat—"your playing the fool; yon've no more notion how I love you than you have of the height your standing at above the sea. I tell you, I'd rather see you lying there washed by the tide, than know that you want to go back again to the beach of your own will, and be looked at by that lath-and-plaster fellow of a captain."

And yet while the fierce words pass the young fisherman's lips, he takes a firm grasp of his companion's arm, lest some sudden movement should draw her nearer the giddy edge.

The sun had begun to set when these two, John Fry and Fanny Heywood, began to quarrel, and now he has just sunk into the purple bed of clouds, risen up from the sea to receive him. There has been a scene of magnificent and fast-changing color: crimson, and purple, and gold—now by turns, now all at once—have held their places on the tender ground of chrysolite green, fast fading into gray; though its final hue lingers among the rock-pools below the cliffs, mingled with rosy gleams that reflect themselves from scattered cloud-lines. The ragged, perpendicular cliff rises some four hundred feet above the sea, and about a third-way down its steep sides runs the path or ledge on which the lovers stand. They care nothing for the sunset, nor for the exquisite scene below them. On the right the tiny village, nestling in the gorge of high hills—on one side wooded to the base, on the other a precipice of rock, rich in brown and purple shadows—every here and there in its depths revealing a glimpse of the white, foaming river that comes struggling and tumbling over huge gray stones to the sea; while farther still, on the right, stretches a range of lofty cliffs, the hues of which mock the power of words to render, as successfully as they elude the painter's resources to depict—crimson, purple, violet, of richest tone, everywhere relieved by turfs of bright, golden blossoms, and the fresh green of lady-fern, that fringes the jagged edges.

John and Fanny have disputed before this evening, but only for a few sentences; and then a kiss from him, or a tear in her sweet eyes, has brought the matter to a standstill. But this quarrel wears a more serious aspect. John looks absolutely threatening. He is a strong, well built young fellew, with a true South-of England-face—a face that is saturated with sunshine, that puts one in mind all at once, of ripe August cornfields; and, taken in conjunction with his rich, curly hair and beard, of October nuts and squirrels. But the deep black eyes, that match so well with this golden brown, have none of their usual expression; they are full of angry gleams, and, through his parted lips you can see his teeth set hard.

Fanny looks up, and meets this stern, compelling glance; meets it, too—as you may tell by the quiver of her rosy mouth—just when a loving name or a caress might have prevailed over the perverse spirit that was rising.

It is a puzzle that she has been able (living so near the sea) to keep her skin so white and delicate looking. Her hair nearly matches her lover's hair, but her eyes are not so deep in color: there is a tinge of true hazel in hers, that shines out with almost a golden glitter as John takes hold of her arm. She thinks he means to make her a prisoner.

"Let me go, will you? I am not your wife yet, John; and I don't know that I ever will be."

He draws his hand away.

"Come—come, Fanny, *you're* talking nonsense now. I was, a minute ago, maybe. Why should you and me quarrel about a thing which can't happen, if you'll only let yourself be guided——?

The girls eyes fill with sudden, angry tears.

"I'm not quarrelling; I only say you don't put any trust in me. Why," (she tosses her head scornfully,) "even if I choose to go home by the beach, and Mr. Russel and Captain Standish are there, and they say a civil word to me—what am I the worse for it, I'd like to know? I suppose you'd like me to wear a mask next, with just two holes to see out of.—Everything that is pretty is looked at, you know it is, and why not girls as anything else? I say again, yours isn't what I call having trust in me—that it isn't."

The golden light is quenched in the tears, that fairly run over. Fanny's eyes are now almost as dark as her lover's, and tenderness seems to be swimming in them. If John could held out against them for two minutes, he might have made his own terms with the pretty, wayward, spoiled girl; but a sensible lover would be a phenomenon worthy of exhibition, and John was not a phenomenon.

The next minute he had Fanny in his arms, straining her to his heart, kissing off her tears, and calling himself a "rough, jealous fool," for having brought them there.

"No, John—your not a fool; but you know you are; and if you go on like this when we're married, you'll break my heart, John," comes out of those pouting coral lips.

"I'll never be jealous, you know you give me cause, Fanny," he says, his honest face growing grave again. "But you see, men and women have different natures. You can fly in a passion and get put out of it, all in no time, and be as sweet and smiling as if nothing had happened; but that is not the way with us—anyhow, it's not with such a sulky chap as me. Once I'm put up, I get out of bounds, and as to seeing you laughing and talking with that fool of a captain—why, if I was to catch you at it, I don't know I mightn't be tempted to——"

"You're threatening now, John," Fanny pouts, and draws herself away a little.

There is an uneasy look on her lover's face. He loves Fanny with all his heart and strength. He has known her from the time they went crab-hunting together among the rocks, with the rest of the village children, and yet, though his heart is so fast bound to her that he could never tear it away, he has no sure trust in the wilful, bewitching girl. When he thinks of the future—Fanny as his wife and mistress of his home—an undefined, shifting fear is apt to come between John and his uncertainty of happiness, a fear near akin to that he has felt among the treacherous quicksands further east, when he has been seeking anchorage.

He answers, almost solemnly:—"Am I threatening, darling? Then I don't mean it. I mean warning, not threatening.—You see, I haven't got so many words to fit my meanings to, as such a clever little lass as you, Fanny; all I mean is, I want to put it clear to you that when you're, maybe, meaning no harm, only a little teazing in play, you're playing with feelings a man can't keep under; it's as if the devil was let loose in me, I know. You don't think men murder one another of set purpose, do you, Fanny, when they're themselves?"

Fanny turns white, and retreats still further from the cliff's edge; then she gives a little forced laugh.

"I must say, John, you've got strange notions of pleasant talk; first, you scold me till I cry, and then you speak about murder. Now I must go home, and if you can't trust me to go by the beach, I'll take the long way over the cliffs. Are you satisfied now, sir?"

Satisfied! John is radiant at such sweet submission, for the road on ahead over the cliffs is just two miles round for Fanny, and when they began to quarrel, she said nothing should induce her to go home unless she went by the beach, where, as John knew, Captain Standish and his friend are pacing up and down, in front of the little bay. "You little duck!" he says, and John offers up a good deal of atonement in word and act which Fanny receives with many smiles and blushes, and at last he let her go.

"Why not go by the lane?" he asks.

Fanny nods. "I was just thinking so," she says, and she looks back over her shoulder and smiles like an angel. John thinks.

But the smile fades out of her face more quickly than the rose-color from the long ribbon-like cloud-lines. By the time she reaches the end of the rock-path, her forehead is dinted with a frown.

The path ends its shelf-like course along the cliff, and slopes down to the left in a steep descent to the road leading to the beach; on the right it mounts as steeply to the other part of the village. A lane, with high hedges, fringed with plumy fronds of lady-fern, and near the ground, rarer, more minute kinds nestle like green tassels in the chinks of loose-piled masses of stone, hidden by long, satin strips of hart's-tongue.

Fanny stands frowning still where the three ways meet. She is thinking about John.

"I don't believe he thinks half enough about me—he wouldn't dare be so masterful if he did!" And then (for a good intention repented of seldom gets a second hearing) Fanny tells herself she is an idiot.

"A nice slave I shall be when I am married, if I'm never to look at any one or speak to any one but him. What's the use of good looks, if they're all to be hidden out of sight?" and she hardens herself in this one idea, of her own beauty and the amount of admiration due to it.

She stands stilll, wistfully looking down the steep lane to the beach. A sound of voice comes up to her, a hearty laugh, and then some words, which bring a blush to her cheeks—a blush of pleasure; her lips part, and her head is thrown back saucily, as two gentlemen come in sight, sauntering up the path.

"By Jove! this is lucky."

Captain Standish takes his cigar out of his mouth, and says "Good evening!"

He is a tall, fair youth, with pale hair and eyes; there is a wash-out look about him. Mr. Russell has a manly aspect; he is short and thick set, something of the bull-terrier breed.

Fanny is in such a flutter of vanity and delight, that she hardly knows what is said to her, or what she answers. She has quite forgotten her intention of going straight home, and stands, listening and laughing, while the Captain talks.

PART II.

John stands listening, too—just where Fanny left him—listening, and yet not hearing the querelous scream of the sea gulls at the foot of the cliff, dipping their black-tipped wings in the creaming curl of the waves, and then rising in sudden flight with fanning outspread feathers, or sinking slowly, as the air resists their pinions.

But John is not frowning. He smiles at himself. He thinks he has wronged Fanny by his half-formed fears. "Dear little creature! how good and docile after all! A girl's worth nothing if she hasn't a spirit of her own. Ah! at Biddeford there'll be none of these fellows coming down to plague honest men!"

John Fry came back yesterday from Biddeford; he has an uncle there, a fisherman, who has offered him a half-share of his boat and his business for a very moderate compensation.

"John!—John Fry, I say! Hello!—where are you?"

A coast guard, in blue flannel and shiny hat, comes running along the rocky ledge as easily as if it were six feet wide.

He stops short when he sees John, set his legs wide apart, both hands go down to the bottom of his pockets.

"Well, Davie?"

"Look alive!" says Davie, with a red face, and jerking his thumb over his shoulder. "Yer wanted below; the Biddeford boat is off the rocks, and there's one awanting you."

"Wanting of me?"

John pulls off his wideawake, doubles it up, and then flattens it out with his strong brown hand; finally, this proceeding having failed to solve his perplexity, he moves on where Davie's thumb is pointing.

"There'll be a bit of a gale here to-night before the boat reaches Minehead," says Davie; and then he stands still and lights his pipe, while John Fry urried down to the beach.

Unless he had scrambled down the face of the crag—a bold feat for even so fearless a climber—he must follow the path Fanny has taken, but he is not thinking about Fanny as he hurries along. His uncle at Biddeford was an old man; he had already had one seizure, and this might be another. John had few friends or relations, but those he had he loved with the intensity of a deep, strong nature, and his heart was full of anxious fear for his uncle; he had left him so well and hearty, and so full of warm sympathy with his nephew's happiness.

So that when John in his headlong race, comes suddenly upon the group—or rather pair, for Mr. Russell has moved off to a discreet distance—the young fisherman is so bewildered, that for an instant he stands in silent wonder.

For an instant only. It is quite dark in the narrow lane between those high fern-crowned hedges. Before one can note the changes that have come into the two faces, so near to each other—for Captain Standish's whiskers touch Fanny's cheek as he whispers—John's hand is on the captain's shoulder, and the captain stumbles backward into the hedge.

"Keep your distance, will you?" John says fiercely; "that young woman is not free to listen to your foolery!"

He has grasped Fanny's arm while he speaks, and now he hurries her along with him, back by the way he came.

Vehement action has calmed down the temper of his anger. As he strides along, he is forcing himself to decide what he shall say to Fanny.

He has a dim remembance of the point where he left Davie, and he stops short of that. The light has faded so completely that he can only just see Fanny's face plainly.

She is very white and trembling. She remembers what John said just now about murder, and as self is usually paramount in her thoughts, her terror is that he means to fling her over on the sharp-pointed rocks below—terror so great, so paralyzing, that she cannot even shriek for help. Even if she could, her voice would be powerless against the wailing, screaming sea-gulls, and the roar of the waves as the wind lashes them into foaming heights.

But John has no mind to harm her. Spite of all, he loves her still; but he has learned at last to put trust in his own misgivings, instead of Fanny Heywood.

"Fanny," he says, in a choked voice, "I brought you here to tell you what must be said between us two."

He stops and tries to clear his voice, but it remains hoarse in spite of him. Fanny takes a little comfort, and looks up, but his stern set face brings back all her fear: she clasps her hands over her eyes, and cries out with terror.

The strong awful calm that had come to John after his first outburst gives way at the cry, and his anger breaks through like a ground-swell betokening how deep it lies hidden away.

"Be quiet!" he says, savagely, and then the sharp pain at his heart nerves him, as pain will nerve to self-mastery.

"Fanny, when I asked you if you could love me well enough to be my wife, I thought of you as a man thinks of a true woman. I thought I wasn't worthy of your love, even though I gave you my heart and soul in exchange. I gave e'm you, Fanny; you have been first and foremost in every thought I've had since then. I'm not making a merit of so doing—I don't know as I can take them back. God knows how I love you still, but I'll not take a wife who's not content with the love I've got to give her; who'll not keep herself for me alone. I'll not put myself in danger of marrying where I can't trust."

She had kept her eyes hidden, and he had not seen the shame and the sorrow that had filled them, but his last words stung her into sudden fire.

"Nobody asks you to," (her voice has the taunting tinge in it he is least able to bear.) "I'm not likely to ask any man to marry me, Mr. Fry—least of all, one whom I've made a great mistake by having anything to do with. I always felt I'd thrown myself away, and now I am sure of it. I'm fit for something better than a fisherman's wife, I can tell you—a rough brute that has no manners for his betters. Let me go."

She pushes him, and at the same moment Davie lounges up.

"Did you hear a signal?" he says. "I'm thinking it came from beyond Hedden's Mouth. Come on and tell the lieutenant. Why, man, where be ye going, off in the dark alone; 'ull help noane: wait and gie me a help wi' the life-boat."

John only shook of the grasp his friend had laid on his coat, and hurried off into the darkness.

"Well, I'm blowed!" says Davie; "there'll be summut more that common amiss wi' a steady chap like that 'un afore he'd run a mucker along the cliffedge in the dark." And Davie hurries back to tell the lieutenant of the signal he fancies he has heard.

PART III.

That night no one but the children went to bed in the little fishing village.

At about 8 o'clock Davie had spread the alarm of a ship off Hedden's Mouth, and the danger was too well known not to rouse a stirring sympathy in all who heard the tidings. Lieutenant Robert and his men had soon put off in the life-boat, and more than one of the fishing-boats had followed; though the sea was now so wild that some of the older men shook their heads and muttered that "It were a clear temptin' of Providence."—Even in the upper village stray rumors of the excitement below kept folk waking.

Fanny Heywood lived along with her father. He had been village schoolmaster, but was superannuated now, and almost childish; his chief ideas being the correctness and spotless condition of his clothing, and the beauty and irresistible charms of his daughter Fanny. He saw no use whatever in sitting up, burning candles, just because a ship had been so stupid as to get on the rocks, and he told his daughter she would do wisely if she went to bed, too.

Fanny gave him a careless answer; but when he had fairly gone up stairs, she placed herself at the window and looked out, in hope of hearing news from some passer-by.

The girl's heart was very heavy to-night. She had not said one word to her father. She had joked and laughed, and tried to bear herself bravely; but the pent-up sorrow grew in its struggle to find vent—in the deep stillness it made her heart as heavy as lead.

The night was very dark. Fanny put her head out of the lattice as she heard a far off sound, and the wind swirling round the house in a wild gust, blew her hair into her eyes. The sound came nearer, heavy and lumbering, not like a mere footstept.

"Who's there?" she calls, as it comes nearer; there is a strong sudden horror in her, though she could not have found a name for it.

"It's me—Davie. I be in a barrow from the rocks down yonder."

"He's fallen and smashed his ancle," says a deep voice, which Fanny recognizes as that of the second in command at the coast guard station; "I had to come back, so I've brought him along."

"Is the ship safe?" says Fanny.

"Well, yes," (the man speaks sulkily;) "she cried out before she was hurt. There's one of the boats stove in that came out after the life-boat."

Fanny's heart gives a sudden bound. "Is any one hurt besides Davie?" she says, in a faint, scared voice.

"Well, yes; and I must go on, Miss; now; I'm come in to fetch the doctor out to Joe Porter and another poor fellow—"

"Is John Fry down helping with?" she says.

Davie strikes in; the gasping tone of Fanny's words has roused him.

"I'm not easy in my mind," he says. "John Fry left me all in a hurry to go off to the rocks, and there's no one seen or heard on him since. John's not the lad to stan' by wi' his hands in his pockets while folk is wanting help."

Before his words are spoken Fanny is out of the cottage-door. She can see the two figures in the vague, indistinct light—a light that seems fraught in itself with doubt and fear. With all her haste, that strange mechanical quality we call 'habit' makes Fanny take down a shawl, which hangs in the passage, and wrap it round her head and shoulders as she runs into the road. She puts out her hand till it touches the coast guard's arm:

"Mr. Evens, tell any one you see to send help to the foot of the cliffs; and tell Lieutenant Roberts I'm gone there to look for John Fry."

"Gone alone—God help he!" But as he speaks there is nothing but the vague, indistinct glimmer round Evens and his charge. Fanny has sped on far out of sight, down the steep fern-banked lane, lighter than it had been in the upper village, for the sea is before her.

She guesses that the fishermen are not gone to bed, and she knocks loudly at the first door that she comes to.

An old man opens it, very old and feeble, with a face honey-comed with wrinkles. He has a lantern in his hand, and he holds it up to examine his visitor.

"Let me have it, Father Plugsley," says the girl, taking the lantern with a grasp he is powerless to resist. "If there's a man or a boy in the house with you, send them after me to the foot of Ragged Jack."

The wonderful power of instinct has told her that, if any harm has come to John, her conduct has caused it. She sees him hurrying along the cliff-path, when she left him with these taunting words on her lips. She knows every inch of the path, and John's loving, protecting care has taught her too well it's dangers. At the foot of this massive pile of gray rocks, which the villagers call "Ragged Jack," the path seems to end suddenly—so abrupt is the angle it makes round the jagged mass. Fanny shudders when she thinks of the jutting-out crags below, and how much care and caution it would require, in the darkness, to follow the abrupt turns of the slippery, uneven path. This is scarcely a thought. She hurries on so fast that visions of what may have befallen her lover seem to lure her on to reach them as they move in bodily shape before her. At another time Fanny would have been frightened of the lonely darkness; now she heeds nothing to find her lover, before any one else can reach him.

She is near the point, when a sudden gust of wind blows out her light—not for long. She has seen, as she carried it, that old Plugsley had left matches inside the lantern. But that moment of utter darkness, all alone on that giddy height, with the mourning, gulping sound of the hushing waves below, shakes Fanny from head to foot.

What if she cannot find him? What if he has fallen to the bottom of the cliff, and the hungry waves, ebbing back, have carried him along with them forever?

Her fingers grow unnerved and trembling—she cannot relight the lantern, Even if she finds him he will not be alive. He may be an undistinguishable mass of broken bones and wounds—too dreadful to think of.

Flame at last, and with it the girl's courage rekindles. She trembles still, but she draws her shawl more closely round her, and goes forward, not so fast, but more steadily.

There is a heart, after all in her vain little body—a heart that almost, for the first time in her life, is speaking to her more of another than herself—and the longing to help and comfort John for his own sake is overmastering any selfish dread.

She stops, and holds the lantern high above her head. Just before her, black in the vague light, Ragged Jack stands out as if to stop her way. A sudden chill at her heart, and she lowers her lantern to the path's edge.

Fanny could never remember why she did this—it was a strong impelling instinct. She looks, and then shrinks back, sick and white, against the rock-wall beside her. If John yet lives, he is lying below where she stands. The path is broken away, and there are signs that large bits of rock have been freshly loosened from its edge and hurled down to the sea.

And as the reality forces itself upon Fannie that she must descend that fearful precipice alone in the darkness, face to face with the moaning, wailing sea—a moaning and wailing which echoes, heavily and hopelessly, every thought of terror—Fanny's courage dies in one long shuddering sigh, and she sinks on her knees sobbing.

The attitude, or the power beyond her, brings prayer to her lips: "Oh, my Father!—save him—help me!" The words seem to nerve her—perhaps they remind her she is not so helpless. She lies down on her face, and drags herself to the edge. "John! John Fry!—John, darling, do you hear me?"

The wind is lulling fast, and her voice sounds clear through the night air.

No answer comes; the silence seems more awful, and the moan of the waves more awfully true in their foreboding.

Desparately she raised herself, and sends her voice out in one loud piercing cry.

Then she strains her ear to listen.

Far off—seemingly as far as the bay on the other side of Ragged Jack—an answer comes, but in a sound of many voices; then nearer, almost close, so it seems by contrast, a feeble whistle.

All her fears are gone; she only chides at her own delay. Still holding the lantern in one hand, she feels her way cautiously, foot by foot down the cliff, till she finds at last a standing-place. She knows where she is now; the crags jut out here into a huge, jagged rock, with a bush or two on it, and then goes sheer down to the sea.

Again, close beside her, the whistle sounds louder than before.

She calls, but no answer comes; and then she holds the lantern so that its light falls below her.

Close to her—so close that her next downward footstep would have been set on his face—John Fry is lying with shut eyes. He has been caught, seemingly between the bushes growing on the edge, for only head and chest are visible.

Fanny kneels down; she touches his face timidly with her hand, and then draws it back, shudderlingly.

"John!—John, darling! Open your eyes! Speak to me!"

He lies there as still as the gray rock; almost as cold. She forgot the danger of falling, she twines her arms round him, she murmurs to him, and pressed warm kisses on his face.

"Oh, John, my darling!—my darling! Look at me just once! let me hear you once forgive my wickedness!"

She might as well cry to the rock itself; and yet as she presses her lips on his, it seems as if some warmth lingered in them.

Suddenly she raised her head, and cries out loudly for help. A strange sound has reached her. She listens breathlessly. Yes, they are comming. Over-head she hears voices, and, from the sea, the strong regular pull of oars.

John Fry was taken home alive, but there came weeks of anxious watching before he was able to walk once more beside Fanny Heywood, to the scene of his fearful fall—and then he walked with crutches.

Fannie smiles brightly in her lover's face. She is trying to cheer the sadness that, spite of his efforts, clouds the strong man's eyes at times, for it is very hard to John Fry to realize that he is crippled for life; but under the girl's smiles is a tender subdued look, new to her face. It may be bitter tears she has shed during her long patient nursing—have left their trace—tears, not only of sorrow for her over's sufferings, but of contrition for the part she had acted toward him.

"Fanny!" (John had stood in silence for some minutes beside the broken pathway;) "don't think you and I will quarrel again—will we, darling?"

He looks at her smiling, with his deep, loving eyes, and she tries to answer brightly; but the recollection of that foolish quarrel and its ending masters her, and tears come instead of words.

"Hush!" he whispers softly; "you'll spoil your sweet eyes, my darling; and they're my eyes now—at least they will be after Thursday."

Fanny hides the eyes on his shoulder. "Don't ask me to promise, darling; she whispers. "While you've been so ill I've learned more about myself than I ever thought to know. I wonder how you find any thing to love in a girl who can put no trust in herself!"

There is no need to tell John's answer.

Moral and Religious.

PRAYER FOR STRENGTH.

Father! before Thy footstool kneeling,
Once more my heart goes up to Thee
For aid, for strength to Thee appealing—
Thou who alone canst succor me.

Hear me, for heart and flesh are failing,
My spirit yielding in the strife;
And anguish, wild as unavailing,
Sweeps in a flood across my life.

Help me to stem the tide of sorrow;
Help me to bear the chastening rod;
Give me endurance; let me borrow
Strength from Thy promise, O my God.

Not mine the grief which words may lighten,
Not mine the tears of common woe;
The pangs with which my heart-strings tighten
Only the all-seeing One may know.

And I am weak; my feeble spirit
Shrinks from life's task in wild dismay;
Yet not that Thou that task would'st spare it,
My Father, do I pray.

Into my soul Thy might infusing,
Strengthen my spirit by Thine own;
Help me, all other aid refusing,
To cling to Thee, and Thee alone.

And, oh! in my exceeding weakness,
Make my strength perfect—Thou art strong:
Aid me to do Thy will in meekness,
Thou to whom all my powers belong.

Saviour! our human form once wearing,
Help by the memory of that day,
When, painfully The dark cross bearing,
E'en for a time They strength gave way.

Beneath a lighter burden sinking,
Jesus, I cast myself on Thee;
Forgive, forgive this useless shrinking
From trials that I know must be.

Oh! let me feel that Thou art near me;
Close to Thy side I shall not fear,
Hear me, O Strength of Israel, hear me;
Sustain and aid. In mercy, hear!

SUNDAY READINGS.—No. 3.

"Take heed to thyself and keep thy soul diligently."

Surely this caution is as much needed now as when Moses addressed it to the Jews, in those days of weary wandering, ere permitted to enter the promised land. Take heed to thyself because temptation comes in countless ways in every walk of life.

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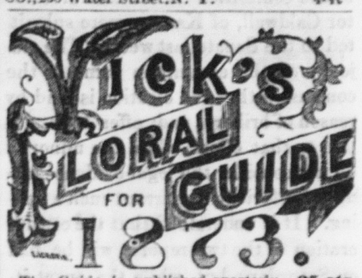

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4-14-1y.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Wednesday Morning, Feb. 26, 1873.

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2. If a person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.
3. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the Post Office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima-facie evidence of fraud.

OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20, 1873.

The past ten days have been unusually busy ones in Congressional circles. In addition to the pressure of business incident to the closing days of the short term, no less than five committees of investigation have either been holding sessions or having completed the taking of testimony, have submitted reports to their respective Houses.

The reports (majority and minority) of the committee in the case of Senator Caldwell, of Kansas, were submitted to the Senate last week. The majority of the committee came to the conclusion that the election is void by reason of bribery, and offer a resolution to that effect, while the minority do not consider the legal evidence adduced sufficient to warrant such a finding. It is understood that the consideration of the two reports will be had on Saturday; but while the event itself is looked forward to with considerable interest, few seem to regard the adoption of the majority report as at all doubtful. That document, while severely animadverting upon the course of Mr. Caldwell, attaches an equal degree of censure to several of the prosecuting witnesses, who, it appears took no measures to expose the bribery, only after the Senator had declined payment of certain sums alleged to have been promised in return for their support. The committee remark in substance that the recognition of *candidacy* for office as a merchantable commodity would open the door to practices which would nullify the wishes of entire communities and which are utterly repugnant to the spirit of our institutions. The evidence in this and the Pomeroy investigation, indicates, however, that the real trouble in Kansas lies fully as much with the voters as with the candidates. The chief conspirator against Pomeroy, Yorks, by his own testimony, shows himself guilty of the deepest treachery, and the general opinion in regard to a liar and traitor's refusing to keep a bribe, is simply that it *paid* him better *not* to keep it.

the Report of Credit Mobilier committee No. 1, of which Judge Poland is chairman, was presented to the House on Tuesday. It is quite a lengthy document—some ninety-eight pages in all—the perusal of which will doubtless afford a better understanding of the origin of and doings of that much talked of corporation, the Credit Mobilier of America, than any explanation which has yet gone the rounds of the newspapers. The expulsion of Messrs. Oakes Ames, of Mass., and James Brooks, of N. Y., is recommended, while in the conduct of the members for whom Mr. Ames alleges he stood as trustee, the committee say there appears to be nothing calling for a recommendation from them. It is rumored that when the report is called up, a lively time may be expected, as in some quarters it is believed that Messrs. Ames and Brooks should not be treated differently from others, and that the recommendation in their cases savors of persecution. It is difficult, however, to see upon what just grounds such an opinion is based. That the opportunities of both these gentlemen to arrive at an understanding of the relations respectively sustained toward each or any one of the others, by the United States, the Union Pacific Railroad Co., the holders of the Mortgage Bonds of this company, the Credit Mobilier company and the stockholders in the Union Pacific who were not participants in the Credit Mobilier enterprise, were full and complete and were much greater than those of the other members above referred to, is beyond question. Nor can it be pretended that this is a *poltical* persecution—the two gentlemen belonging to opposite parties, and the composition of the committee being two Democrats, one Liberal Republican and two Republicans. When the report was read, Mr. Ames maintained silence, but Mr. Brooks excepted strongly to certain actions and findings of the committee, upon which points Judge Poland declined to be drawn into an argument at that time.

Almost as much interest is manifested in regard to the forthcoming report of Credit Mobilier committee No. 2, which is looked for next week. The chairman, Mr. Wilson, of Indiana, has spent some time in Boston examining the books of the Union Pacific railroad company, and is now busily engaged upon his report.

The result of these investigations will, for a time, cause men in public life to avoid, more studiously, not only evil, but its appearance, and to that extent their influence will be a benefit. Of investigations in the abstract, however, as *the* means of securing purity in the administration of public affairs there is much less to be said for than against. At some more convenient time we may, perhaps, discuss this subject a little more at length.

Preparations for "inauguration" are busily going forward, and if the weather be favorable, a very fine display will be made. Especially will this be true of the military portion of the pageant. The West Point and Annapolis Cadets, in addition to the customary members of Regulars, will participate, and the members of the volunteer organizations from all sections of the country who have signified their intention of being present, greatly exceeds those of former times. The extreme width of Penn'a Avenue, and the smoothness of its wooden and concrete pavements will afford the military every facility for showing off the degrees of perfection in marching to which they have severally attained, and will materially conduce to the comfort of all participating in the procession.—The original chief mashall, Gen. Jas. H. Wilson, tendered his resignation on account of the death of a brother, and General John G. Foster has been chosen instead. Gen. Wilson will be remembered as commander of the Division to which the captors of Jeff. Davis were attached, and Gen. Foster as one of the "Fort Sumpter boys," and later, as commander of a Division under Gen. Burnside.

The Inauguration Ball will be given in a temporary building specially erected for the purpose. The edifice is located in Judiciary Square, corner of E and 4th sts., N. W., the South end fronting on E, the building running back about half the width of the (double) square. It is about 250 feet in length, 150 in width and 60 feet in height. The roof is arched, and is supported by trusses. Owing to the inclemency of the weather, the workmen have labored under great disadvantages; but the building is now under roof and there is now, no doubt entertained of its entire completion in due season.

We hope to see at least the usual number of Centre county people here on the 4th. Washington is fast becoming one of the notable cities of America, and will well repay a visit. To those who have not seen Washington since 1865, even the changes will seem enormous. For the benefit, however, of the great number of readers of the REPUBLICAN who will not be able to see for themselves, we will endeavor to transmit as full an account of the proceedings of the day, as time, space and opportunity will admit.

[For the REPUBLICAN.]

THE ELECTION OF THE 21ST.

Local Option has triumphed. The people are more decided than was supposed. The result suggests a few lessons which it may be well to ponder. People are becoming alarmed at the progress of the liquor traffic. It is working a greater evil than the liquor men imagine. A majority of the young men are forming habits of drinking, many of them are far gone in the lurid pathway of the inebriate. Many of those who voted 'against license' were those who had formed habits of drinking, and trembled at the thought of future sorrows, and made an effort to rouse their slumbering manhood and throw off the hated incubus which was pressing upon them like a hideous nightmare. The temptation was too strong for them when the fumes met their nostrils at every turn. These men, and their wives and daughters demand that the laws shall not set their "mantraps" all through the community to drag down the fathers and husbands, and sons into their deadly grasp. The people are determined to try one more experiment to see if they cannot guard the young against stealthy approach of these terrible evils. Bellefonte had better establish two or three powder mills in their midst than twenty drinking saloons.—Such establishments explode once in a while, kill some people; but they are apt to make quick, clean work, and the dead sleep in honored graves and leave no shame behind them.

People have learned the murderous habits of adulterating liquors. They have learned that *whiskey* is not whiskey, but a concoction of poisonous drugs. They have learned that *wine* is not wine, but a mixture of drugs, made to sell, and not fit to drink, even if we allow it proper to drink the pure article. Women see their husbands and sons gradually poisoned, and physically and morally ruined, that there may be a market for the mixtures which carry desolation into so many families.

How the people can stand still and see this poisoned drink sold by *law*, and not rise in their majesty and take criminals by the throat, surpasses comprehension. Physicians know all about this dangerous *mixing* of poisons, landlords know it, lawyers know it, the judges know it, and yet the desolating fires have been permitted to burn until society has almost become chared by the fiery flood.

A class of men arrange their chemical mixture, and live in luxury, while the brains of those who drink it, become maddened, commit crimes, go to the penitentiary or the gallows, and leave their families to a life of shame. The efforts of last Friday were put forth by earnest and honest hearts, to mitigate this damning tide of woes.

The people have learned that a continuance of the present state of things is expensive. It wastes a great amount of time, which, if properly employed, would bring a large revenue to the community. Our saloons are filled from Monday morning till Saturday night, and some of them, I fear, till Sunday evening. The time is worse than wasted. It destroys a vast amount of physical energy. It blasts a large amount of reputation, the most costly material in the community. It costs not far from ten thousand dollars to support the twenty families who live by selling liquor in Bellefonte. It cost about eight hundred dollars to support the police of Bellefonte with her twenty-five hundred people, while Vineland, with a population of twelve thousand, costs *seventy-eight cents*; in the latter place there *is* not, and never *has been*, a licensed saloon of any kind. People will move hundreds of miles to educate their familes in a town free from a curse that may destroy their sons, clothe the family in mourning, steal away the source of the family joy which the gold of California cannot replace.

We may have joy in a cabin with virtuous sons, while drunkenness will banish happiness from a palace. Let it be known that this beautiful town of Bellefonte has driven this monster from her borders never to return, her schools would be sought and patronized by the lovers of virtue, and these hills would become classic grounds.

Mr. Editor, let the temperance men know that the permanence of this great result depends upon its rigid enforcement. Liquor men say: "It will not be enforced." The people have spoken, and they mean what they say. I have mingled with the people. I know they are in earnest. I have never seen them more so. We demand that the people shall be obeyed.—Their voice has rung too clear among these everlasting hills to be disoboyed. It has echoed too sweetly, and been borne along on these winter winds with too much majesty to be set at naught. We must not prove recreant to our trust.

CONDIT.

[For the REPUBLICAN.]

PHILADELPHIA Feb. 17th 1873.

Dear Sir:—At the request of a member of the Legislature of this State I make a further statement of my views of a Bill recently presented to the House of Representatives asking authority to open streets through the Girard College property.

It must be conceded that a Soverign State acting through its Legislature and Governor can make a valid contract with a municipal corporation that no street shall without its consent ever be cut, through a plot of ground that is to be dedicated to public use as a reservoir of water. If any subsequent Legislature attempts to violate this contract, the court, when appealed to, would surely restrain the State from such a violation, unless in the judgment of the court there is a necessity far greater than the desire of neighboring lot owners to enhance the value of their property or to save themselves a few minutes of travel.

If the court should determine that there was an absolute necessity, the State would be bound to make ample pecuniary compensation.

If the plot of ground used for a Reservoir of water is the only site fitted for the purpose, compensation for the violation of the contract could not be made, therefore the court would more strictly guard the rights of the municipality. The Girard orphanage property is still more sacred as it is used solely for the purest form of charity, not local, but one in which the whole state is interested and that will ever go beyond the bounds of the Commonwealth when all of its poor, Fatherless boys shall have been provided for. If any part of the ground dedicated to this charitable use is taken for streets or other purposes there can be no adequate compensation, as the charity to that extent will be destroyed under the terms of the Will and that part of the endowment directed to other and merely local uses.

Before any steps were taken to build this orphan house, the executors of Mr. Geiard's Will obtained from the Legislature a contract that no streets should ever be cut through the property except with the consent of the Directors, confirmed by a majority of the City Councils.

The Legislature knew that under the terms of the Will the whole lot was to be surrounded by a high wall as the same Will contained a legacy for the State, and authorized it to take part of the property and to execute the trust if the City knowingly and wilfully violated any of the provisions of the will.

After this contract with the State had been made two millions of dollars were expended in the erection of buildings that are ornamental to the State as well as beneficial to its poorest orphans and it is the wish of the directors of city trusts to use all the income of the residuary estate, worth from five to six millions of dollars, in maintaining and educating the poorest fatherless boys.

If the guarantee that this property is forever to be sacred for charitable uses is impaired, the directors will not be warranted in carrying out their present purpose to extend the orphan establishment to the utmost capacity of the grounds.

If the comtract is violated by running a single street through the property contrary to the wishes of the directors and City Conncils, the owners of property on other streets and also on intermediate streets will make a like demand, thus destroying the main building and other structures, cutting the grounds up into scores of irregular plots, and depriving thousands of poor fatherless boys from the benefits of this charity.

Yours respectfully.

WM. WELSH,
1122 Spruce St.

For the REPUBLICAN.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

MR EDITOR:—As you desire, no doubt, the discussion of pertinent questions of day in your columns, with your consent I will endeavor briefly to present some objections to the plan of *compulsory education*, now proposed to be adopted in our state.

I am aware that many men, high in authority, influence, and intelligence, advocate the idea of compelling parents by law to send their children of suitable age to school, and that many plausible arguments are urged in favor of this course; yet how the objections given below can be gotten over, I do not know, and therefore, submit them for examination and reputation.

1st. The change in our school laws thus proposed is *too radical*. True, no objection can reasonably be made or should be made against a radical change merely because it is such; but when it is proposed to subvert the whole basis of existing laws, it is well seriously to consider whether the benefits to be gained by the change counterbalance the evil results of it. Under our present noble system of education, there is offered freely, and without charge to every child in the Commonwealth the advantages of a good common school; under the new system, they are to be *compelled* without reference to the desires of themselves or their parents to attend school. The present law does not interfere with parental control, but presents to parents privileges which they might not be able otherwise to obtain. The law proposed, ignores parental rights and family training, and claims the children as belonging to the state. It rejects the principle of a government for the people, and would substitute the deceitful maxim of tyrants, the people for the government.

2nd. This change, if granted, is liable to be carried too far. If the right of the state to compel children to be educated is conceded, it is plain that it will come within the province of our lawmakers to decide what training constitutes on education, and it will be but a step, in the next instance, to compel attendance upon such schools and undergo such mental training as the legislature decides upon; thus ignoring all family training and private schools, and opening the door to the introduction of a multitude of evils, especialy the complete secularization of the schools.

3rd. The change in the law will be combrous and difficult in its execution and onerous to the people. The sanctity of our homes will be violated, and prying officials must needs penetrate into them to discover, forsooth, whether the parent is giving such training to the child as the state dictates. It is difficutt to conceive, how the law could be practically carried out without an unweildy load of cambrous official machinery.

But, Mr. Editor, as you no doubt prefer short articles I suppress further objections. I acknowledge that our present school system is far from perfect, and that every child in the state should be properly educated; but instead of compelling the children to attend school, I ask would it not be better for the state to offer inducements to them to secure an education. I suggest limiting the privilege of voting to those who can read and write, and the power of holding office to those who are intelligently capable of fulfilling the duties of the office which they seek. Were such laws passed, I believe no one would grow up and remain illiterate. L.

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SEE in another column, advertisement about Iowa and Nebraska Lands. 5-4

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Universally recommended by eminent musicians as possessing excellencies not attained in any others. See opinions of ONE THOUSAND, in Testimonial Circular.

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Prices Fixed and as low as consistent with scrupulous employment of only best material and workmanship.

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ISAAC LOSE Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generaly that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be entrusted to his care. Thankful for past favors he asks a continuence of public favor.

ESTRAY Came to the residence of John I. Thompson in Houston Township, one red and white steer about two years old, a piece of each ear is torn. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away.

THOMAS TOOT Potters Mills travels this and adjoining counties for the purpose of Repairing Clocks and Jewelry. All work warranted one year. vn5-1y

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FIRST-CLASS JOB PRINTING

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See the following valuable extracts from press notices:

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"We hope the publisher will sell 100,000 copies of this book during '73."—*Boston Advertiser.*

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"We know the town and country paints therein recommended, and can vouch for their value and the excellence of the "Harrison" brand of white lead."—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

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BY SENDING ONLY 25 CENTS to JAS. W. REMINGTON, at Moundsville, Marshall Co., W. Va., you will receive by return mail 500 useful receipts.

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GRANDEST SCHEME OF THE AGE!

$500,000

CASH GIFTS.

$100,000 FOR ONLY $10.

Under authrity of special legislative act of March 16, 1871, the trustees now announce the THIRD GRAND GIFT CONCERT, for the benefit of the PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY, to come off in Library Hall, at Louisville, Ky., on

Tuesday, April 8th, 1873.

At this Concert the best musical talent that can be procured from all parts of the country will add pleasure to the entertainment, and TEN THOUSAND CASH GIFTS, aggregating a vast total of HALF A MILLION DOLLARS currency will be distributed by lot to the ticket-holders, as follows:

One Grand Cash Gift,		$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift,		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift,		25,000
One Grand Cash Gift,		20,000
One Grand Cash Gift,		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift,		5,000
24 Cash Gifts of $1,000 each,		24,000
50 Cash Gifts of	500 "	25,000
80 Cash Gifts of	400 "	32,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 "	30,000
150 Cash Gifts of	200 "	30,000
500 Cash Gifts of	100 "	50,000
9,000 Cash Gifts of	10 "	90,000
Total, 10,000 Gifts, all Cash,		$500,000

To provide means for this magnificent Concert, ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND WHOLE TICKETS ONLY will be issued.

WHOLE TICKETS, $10; HALVES, $5; and QUARTERS, $2,50. ELEVEN WHOLE TICKETS for $100. No DISCOUNT ON LESS Than $100 orders.

The object of this THIRD GIFT CONCERT, like the two heretofore given with such universal approval, is the enlargement and endowment of the PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY, which by the special act authorizing the concert for its benefit, is to be forever free to all citizens of every State. The drawing will be under the supervision of the Trustees of the Library, assisted by the most eminent citizens of the United States. The sale of tickets has already progressed so far that complete success is assured, and buyers are therefore notified that they must order at once if they desire to participate in the drawing.

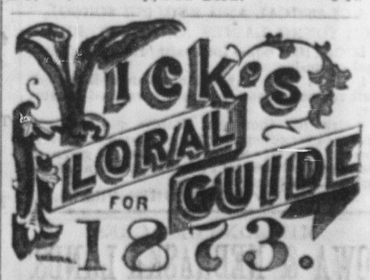
The management of this undertaking has been committed by the trustees to HON. THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, late Governor of Kentucky, to whom communications pertaining to the Gift Concert may be addressed.

R. T. DURRETT, Pres't.
W. N. BALDEMAN, Vice Pres't
JOHN S. CAIN, Sec'y Public Library of Ky.
FARMERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, Treasurer, Public Library of Ky., Louisville, Ky.

Orders for tickets or application for agencies, circulars, information, etc., will meet with prompt attention when addressed to me

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Louisville, Ky.,
Agent Public Library, Ky.

All orders for tickets may be addressed to THOS. H. HAYS & CO., General Depot of Supply, 609, Broadway, New York. 6 4w



The Guide is published quarterly. **25 cts.** pays for the year, which is not half the cost. Those who afterwards send money to the amount of One Dollar or more for Seeds may order **25 cts.** worth extra—the price of the Guide. The first number is beautiful, giving plans for making **Rural Home, Dining Table Decorations, Window Gardens**, &c., and a mass of information invaluable to the lover of flowers. **150 pages** on fine tinted paper, some **500** engravings, and a superb **Colored Plate** and **Chromo Cover.** The First Edition of **200,000** just printed in English and German.

6-4 **JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.**

FOREIGN.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Feb. 18.

The *Official Gazette* will on Thursday next contain a proclamation offering amnesty to the northern provinces, if they will within two weeks lay down their arms and submit to the authority of the government. If the insurgents refuse to accept the offer they will be energetically pursued, and decided measures will be adopted by the government for the suppression of the insurrection.

The question of sending representatives to the South American republics is under consideration by the government.

The Spanish journals express surprise that Don Carlos is suffered by the French authorities to remain so near the Spanish frontier.

The debate on the Porto Rico reforms was continued to-day in the Assembly.

Orense has declined the ambassadorship to Prais.

OPPOSED TO THE REPUBLIC.

LONDON, Feb. 19—6 A. M.

It is rumored that some of the great powers have intimated to the Spanish government that they will oppose the formation of a Federal Republic. Austria will recognize the Spanish Republic as soon as officially notified of its definite establishment. The Spanish Minister at Vienna has resigned, but it is believed he will be reappointed.

FRANCE.

THE LEFT AND THE SPANISH REPUBLIC.

PARIS, Feb. 18.

The extreme Left of the Assembly have abandoned the idea of sending a congratulatory address to the Republicans of Spain.

The negotiations between France and Germany are proceeding satisfactorily.

RUSSIA.

STRENGTH OF THE KHIVAN EXPEDITION

BERLIN, Feb. 18.

A St. Petersburg correspondent of the North German *Gazette* states that the expeditionary force to Khiva will not exceed 7,000 men.

THE MORMONS SHAKING WITH FEAR.

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 18.

All the papers, Mormon and Gentile, are loaded down with matter on Utah questions. Tom Fitch and ex-Territorial Secretary Fuller, ex-Acting Governor Mass, and various other renegade Gentiles, are at work like beavers to prevent the dreaded legislation by Congress.

Special dispatches have been sent by the *Deseret Telegraph* to various papers east and west deprecating the President's policy, and setting forth that conservative Gentiles think the special message will materially injure business and is based on wrong information.

Every unprejudiced and truthful business man in this community who does not yield allegiance to Brigam Young can testify to the falsity of these church telegrams. Many opportunities to secure Eastern and foreign capital for the development of the mineral resources of Utah have within the last year been lost or deferred by fear of insufficient security under Mormon law.

To-day the employees of the Church leaders are again canvassing for signatures to a petition for a commission to come here and investigate, for the purpose of delaying Congressional action of any kind, which, it is urged, would now be premature.

Another commotion has been caused by the refusal of the clerk of the United States District Court to accede to the request of the representative of the Mormon Territorial attorney to issue a venire for a grand jury.

ARIZONA.

THE RESTLESS APACHES—COCHISE ON A RAID INTO MEXICO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.

Gen. Howard's Apache mission, last summer, has resulted in having Cochise, the Apache chief and his tribe placed on a reservation in Arizona, bordering on Sonora. Reports have been recived here to-day, via Tucson, giving information of Cochise having gone on a raid across the border into Franteras Sonora, and there murdered many people and pillaged the place. Among the victims was Leopold Valencia, a member of the Supreme Court of Mexico.

INDIANA.

A FATAL PESTILENCE IN CAMBRIDGE CITY.

RICHMOND, Feb. 18.

Seven persons are now awaiting interment at Cambridge City, Ind., and several helpless cases of a peculiar disease, which doctors claim to be a variety of brain fever, are reported. Its fatality and rapid spread are creating considerable excitement here.

—Postmaster General Creswell estimates the saving to his department through the repeal of the frankling privilege at $3,500,600. This will come through a diminished number of clerks and cheaper contracts for carrying the mails.

—Courting is a regular active transitive verb, indicative mood, present tense, and in three nights of the week agrees with every girl in town.

—The Modoc Indians, with whom the United States are at war, including men, women and children, number less than four hundred. This tribe which was once powerful and always warlike contains at present not more than one hundred warriors. These are commanded by Captain Jack, who is as stubborn and contrary as any other mule.

—It is stated that a corruption fund of $200,000 is now in Harrisburg to influence legislature on the local-option question. The money will be raised by the liquor leaguers to secure the repeal of the measure which is now damaging to their business.

—Prof. John Beck, of Litiz, Pa., died on the 11th instant, in the eighty-second year of his age. Mr. Beck was the founder, as is well known, of the Litiz Academy, and was one of the most successful educators in the country, enjoying a reputation as wide as the nation itself.

—A gentleman in Lancaster, Pa., has a horse that takes his children to school in the morning, returning home driverless, and at night returns for them in the same way, rubbing his nose against the window-pane to indicate his presence. He is ahead of the renowned "Mary's little lamb."

—A farmer living several miles out of town come up to Danbury recently to trade, accompained by a little dog. The Danbury dogs never saw this dog before, and went for it. Every once in awhile, despite the owner's surveillance, the pup was pounced upon. Toward night the farmer departed for home, with what was left of the animal done up in brown paper.

—An old negro on Broad Top, burned his horse to get rid of witches. An agent of the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, was sent for, who, after arriving and investigating the matter, discovered that the horse had died before he was burned—and thus spoiled a first class sensation.

Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

COOK STOVE,
COOK STOVE,
PARLOR STOVE,
PARLOR STOVE,
SHEET IRON WARE,
SHEET IRON WARE,
TIN WARE, &C.,
TIN WARE, &C.,

TO BE FOUND IN BELLEFONTE,

CALL ON

WETSLER & TWITMIRE,

CORNER DUNLAP AND HIGH STREETS,

(opposite the Bush House,)

v5n4-1y-c-e-3m BELLEFONTE, PA.

TIN AND SHEET IRON EMPORIUM.

P. H. HAUPT,

MILESBURG, CENTRE CO., PA.

I HAVE now for sale at my Tin and Sheet Iron Store, in the above named place, the

EXCELSIOR COOK STOVE,

THE

IRONSIDES COOK STOVE,

Parlor Stoves

of all kinds,

JAPANNED AND PRESSED TINWARE,

and a general assortment of

TINWARE, FRUIT CANS, &c., &c.

Also, STOVE PIPE, STOVE TRIMMINGS,

such as GRATES, FIRE BRICK, &c.

SPOUTING PUT UP,

and Job Work done at short notice.

SAD IRONS of all kinds and sizes for sale, The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

4-28-1y P. H. HAUPT, Milesburg, Penna.

Lumber etc.

W. V HUGHES.

(Successor to Holmes & Company.)

BELLEFONTE

PLANING MILL,

Manufactures and keep always on hand

White & Yellow Pine Flooring,

Weatherboarding, of various styles,

Sash,
Blinds,
Doors,
Moulding,
Brackets,
Scroll Sawing of every description

and Brackets of all sizes made to order.

Having a

BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER

Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.

Orders from

Contractors,
Builders,
Dealers,

and the trade generally solicited.

v2n12-1y. W. V HUGHES, Bellefonte Centre Co., Pa.

SEE in another column, advertisement about Iowa and Nebraska Lands. 5-4

LEGAL.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

JAS. S. WEAVER, Treasurer,

DR.

In account with CENTRE COUNTY;

January 1, 1872.		
To balance from S. S. Wolf	$3,081 90	
To amount outstanding last settlement	34,535 09	
To amount ass'd for 1872	28,708 54	
To amount rec'd from County Commissioners and other sources	27,758 59	
		$94,074 72
CR.		
Jan. 1, 1873.		
By amount outstanding	$31,739 83	
By exonerations and commissions allowed on collections	2,599 81	
By amount orders paid	54,538 40	
By amount Treasurer's salary	2,010 00	
By balance in Treasury	3,186 68	
		$94,074 72
To balance Jan. 1, 1873	3,186 68	

RELIEF ACCOUNT.

DR.

Jan. 1, 1872.		
To amount outstanding	$521 94	
		$521 94
CR.		
Jan. 1, 1873.		
By amount outstanding	$327 95	
By amount exonerations and commissions allowed on collections	167 00	
By amount transferred to County	29 99	
		$524 94

MILITIA FUND.

DR.

Jan. 1, 1872.		
To balance S. S. Wolf	$640 54	
To amount outstanding last settlement	904 44	
To amount ass'd for 1872	973 68	
		$2,518 71
CR.		
Jan. 1, 1873.		
By amount outstanding	$1,4"1 90	
By amount orders paid	258 73	
By amount com. and ex. to collectors	261 55	
By amount commission to Treasurer	12 68	
By balance	564 85	
		$2,518 71
To balance Jan. 1, 1873	564 35	

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

DR.

Jan. 1, 1872.		
To balance from S. S. Wolf	$119 28	
To amount outstanding	2,142 63	
To amount ass'd for 1872	3,701 51	
		$5,958 42
CR.		
Jan. 1, 1873.		
By amount outstanding	$2,693 66	
By exonerations and commissions allowed collectors	413 60	
By St. Treasurer Receipts	2,761 72	
By Treasurer's commission	68 28	
By balance in Treasury	16 16	
		$5,953 42
To balance in Treasury, Jan. , 1873	16 16	

FINANCIAL EXHIBIT OF CENTRE CO.

CR.

Jan. 1, 1873.		
By amount outstanding taxes	$37,388 34	
By amount in Treasury	3,186 68	
		$40,575 02
DR.		
Jan. 1, 1873.		
To balance due Commonwealth	$1,885 78	
To estimated costs and bills unpaid	1,500 00	
To estimated com. and ex. on uncollected taxes	3,738 83	
To notes and bonds outstanding	28,426 42	
To balance in favor of County	5,023 99	
		$40,575 02
Jan 1, 1873		
By balance in favor of Centre County over all liabilities	$5,023 99	

EXPENDITRES OF CENTRE COUNTY, A D 1872

Auditor's and clerk's pay	$102 00
Commissioner John Bing, balance	359 10
do J G Sankey	203 00
do S F Forster	392 47
do A C Hinton	50 00
do Joseph McCloskey	570 00
William Furey, Commissioners' clerk	650 58
J S Parsons, tipstave	64 00
Bartram Galbraith, janitor	294 75
Sheriff D W Woodring	2,015 26
Commonwealth costs	1,955 90
Premium of Scalps	481 90
Road views, bridges and damages	1,426 66
Grand and traverse jurors' pay	2,924 90
Constable's pay	785 15
Assessors' pay	1,301 00
Registration	614 50
Election expense	2,131 86
Inquisition on dead bodies	424 94
State Lunatic Asylum	896 86
Orvis and Alexander	300 00
Jury Commissioners	92 76
County tax refunded	157 70
P G Meek, printing, balance 1870 & '71	572 80
" " " 1872	477 20
R B Barger & Co, printing	518 00
Fred Kurtz "	202 00
P D Stover "	475 44
Insurance on public buildings	249 94
Stationery and books, John Moran	105 25
" " W F Murphey	40 00
D F Fortney, auditing account	35 00
R M Magee, County Institute	129 55
Elias Grove, carpenter work	93 80
Brown & White, piumbing in jail	73 59
Edward Brown, " "	10 55
George O'Bryan, furniture	61 75
Noll & Dorr, plastering	62 75
Robert McKnight, gas	264 26
John McDermot, *et al*	76 30
J D Shugert, Agricultural Society	200 00
Premium on duplicates	55 00
Kay & Brother, Purden's Digest	5 00
A B Heuderson, court reporter	90 00
James H Rankin " "	10 00
J F Ripley, map of Pennsylvania	4 50
Charles M'Cafferty, jail roof	41 95
Western Penitentiary	241 51
Batt Galbraith, expense on clock	60 00
Wm J Kealsh, indexing and auditing	129 67
Alexander & Co, coal	455 20
S Brown and others, wood and cutting	58 25
J P Gephart, deeds	3 50
J & J Harris, *et al*, hardware	40 29
Wm P Mitchell, map Curtin township	250 00
John M'Closky, expenses to Pittsburg	23 00
John S Mallory, smithing	55 38
William E Snope, repairs in jail	66 12
Nora M'Callister, washing	30 25
James H Dobbins, attending prisoners	15 00
W H Wilkinson, boarding jurors	52 50
D Johnston & Sons " "	70 00
J S Lenberger, stoves and repairing	29 70
David Treaster, Potter township fires	116 25
Mifflinkle, cleaning gutters	10 50
Adams Express	2 65
Eastern Penitentiary	244 74
Joseph Deviling, surveying	10 00

LEGAL.

David M'Closkey, Curtin twp fires	24 00
Daniel M'Ginly, water tax	120 09
Smith & Owner, smithing	2 25
J H Oreis, order book	10 40
Zeller & Jarret, drugs	2 00
George Livingston, stationery	19 53
W F Murphey & Sons, blank books	65 75
Wm Mann & Sons " "	83 07
Hoffer & Brother, merchandise	34 48
Wm Kuhns "	7 25
Devling and others "	18 75
Wm V Hughes, lumber	85 52
Campbell & Co, ice	2 65
Agnew Moore, B E bridge	417 18
H Y Stitzer, stationery and books	90 36
Wm P Wilson, book case	20 00
Lunatic Asylum, James Test	213 46
S F Forster, extra services assess books and registration	120 60
Daniel Derr, gas fixtures	5 85
Incidental expenses	594 30
Interest and discount paid	3,014 33
Refunded account notes lifted	20,000 00
" road tax, &c	5,640 00
Total expenses	$54,538 30

D W WOODRING, Esq, High Sheriff, in account with CENTRE COUNTY.

CR

Jan 1, 1872		
By balance at settlement	$1,841 26	
By executing venires and summoning jury, Jan term	44 70	
By com and cost Jan term	16 25	
By executing venires and summoning jurors, April term	47 70	
By Com and costs " "	27 85	
By washing blankets, &c	12 75	
By conveying Whippo to the Harrisburg	43 40	
By conveying A Cox to Harrisburg	43 40	
By washing blankets, &c	6 25	
By executing venires and summoning jurors, August term	41 70	
By conveying W Tate to House of Refuge	75 00	
By conveying Mrs Reamer and F Pierce to Lock Haven on *habeas corpus*	26 75	
By executing venires and summoning jurors, special court do do	29 75 37 60	
By com and costs, Aug term	33 75	
By executing venires and summoning jurors and court proceedings	44 70	
By conveying T Hickey to Western Penitentiary	75 00	
By conveying B M'Gwire and Calhoon to insane asylum, Danville	80 00	
By com and costs Nov term	17 83	
By stove for library room	22 00	
By gas fixtures for jail	7 50	
By testing and repairing gas	2 50	
By boarding prisoners	473 15	
	$3,057 79	
DR		
Jan 1, 1873		
To orders	$2,015 26	
To balance due him	1,042 53	
	$3,057 79	
By balance due him	$1,042 53	

TAXES OUTSTANDING

1865 Martin Murphey, Burnside	$176 32	
Simon Lingle, Liberty	242 22	
		$418 54
1867 S T Ishler, Benner	$10 04	
W F Tibbins (b) Marion	325 13	
		$335 17
1868 A Snyder, Bellefonte	$75 51	
A Jones, Philipsburg	95 48	
Wm Askey, Burnside	56 15	
John Powell, Boggs	157 60	
Jacob Hosterman, Haines	447 38	
Wm Cross, Half Moon	58 94	
		$891 06
1869 D F Fortney (a) Bellefonte	$1,912 52	
J M Bush, Patton	95 99	
D H Yeager, Snow Shoe	106 44	
D Hosterman, Haines	223 03	
John Bechdol, Liberty	169 78	
		$2,507 76
1870 Daniel Derr (a) Bellefonte	585 63	
John Holter, Boggs	291 50	
Samuel Brickley, Howard	93 57	
James P Smith, Penn	358 51	
Henry Carten (b) Bellefonte	694 49	
E Hunter, Philipsburg	70 61	
A J Hassinger, Benner	392 32	
J S McCormick (c) Ferguson	627 46	
John Munich, Gregg	409 93	
John Ward (a) Half Moon	296 40	
Samuel Brickley, Howard	240 79	
J H McCauley (a) Marion	467 25	
Joseph Crotzer, Potter	85 15	
James Gates, Snow Shoe	175 34	
Joseph Shaffer, Walker	680 61	
	$4,075 40	
1872 Charles Brown (a) Bellefonte	$1,792 00	
E H Carr (a) Milesburg	276 81	
William Riddles, Philipsburg	618 81	
Conrad Deihl, Howard	156 66	
Joseph Steer (a) Unionville	129 88	
Thomas Marshall (a) Benner	1,249 05	
J C Walker (a) Boggs	791 69	
William White, Burnside	231 59	
John M'Closkey (a) Curtin	214 38	
Robert G Brett (a) Ferguson	2,146 47	
S Heiss (a) Gregg	2,001 48	
George Miller, (a) Haines	1,611 99	
H J Gates (a) Half Moon	532 97	
Samuel Gilland (a) Harris	2,637 23	
Nelson Askey (a) Howard	509 35	
David W Kline, (a) Huston	257 55	
David Robb, Liberty	480 65	
David Harter, Marion	1,068 20	
Uriah Shaffer (b) Miles	958 33	
Jonas Stines (a) Patton	573 99	
Daniel Geary, (a) Penn	1,314 13	
George Stover (a) Potter	2,615 15	
J C Hanson, Rush	865 16	
James Gates, Snow Shoe	563 51	
E W Gettie (a) Spring	1,935 27	
Samuel Hoover (b) Taylor	240 65	
William Spotts (a) Union	267 87	
Jacob Reber (a) Walker	1,585 10	
Philip Williams (a) Worth	195 60	
	$27,821 50	
	$37,388 34	

Those marked [a] have paid part since settlement

Those marked [b] have paid in full since settlement

Those marked [c] have paid $358,26—leaving $223,68

CENTRE COUNTY, SS

We, the undersigned, Commissioners of said county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the receipts and expenditures of said county, from the 3d day of January, A D 1871, to the 3d day of January, A D 1872

J G SANKEY,
SAM'L F FORSTER,
AUSTIN HINTON,
Com'rs Centre Co.

Attest
WM FUREY

STATE OF PENN'A, CENTRE COUNTY, S.S

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Centre county, do hereby certify, that in pursuance of an Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to counties and townships and county and township officers," we met at the Commissioners' office, at Bellefonte, on the 1st Monday in January, and did audit, settle and adjust the several accounts set forth in the foregoing statement.

In witness thereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 1st day of January, A D 1873

J M BUSH, L S
ROBT F HOLMES, L S
Auditors.

Attest
WM J KEALSH 5-4t

NOTICE.—To owners of unseated lands and their agents in Centre county. There will be an appeal held at the office of the Commissioners of said County in Bellefonte, on the 12th day of March for all the townships in Penne-valley; on the 13th for all the townships in Ball Eagle valley; on the 14th for all the townships of Snow Shoe, Burnside, Rush; and also Nittany valley, for the adjustment of all rates and lines on such lands in said County. As after that date there will be no appeals. All who feel interested in the above will please take notice.

Attest, BY ORDER OF COMMISSIONERS,
WM. FUREY, Clerk. 5-4t

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CENTER COUNTY.

In the matter of the account of James Gates, administrator of Daniel Gates, late of Ferguson Township, deceased. The auditor appointed by the Court, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, among the parties legally entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested, on Tuesday the 11th day of March, A D 1873, at 2 o'clock P.M., at his office in Bellefonte.

S. D. GRAY.
5-5-4t *Auditor.*

Elias Howe | *Sewing Machine.*

500! 500! 500! 500! 500!

Manufactured and Sold Daily, of the

NEW IMPROVED ELIAS HOWE SEWING MACHINE!

THE GREATEST PRODUCTION OF INVENTIVE GENIUS, POINTS OF SUPRIORITY, BEAUTY, CONVENIENCE & DURABILITY. IT WILL LAST A LIFE TIME.

ALL of its wearing parts are made of hardened steel, has no Cog Wheels to Break or Rattle; great adjustability, (self-adjusting take-up) adjustable needle-head, will sew light or heavy goods perfect; makes the nicest hem or fell; will gather and sew on, Cord, Tuck, Braid, Binde, Embroider, or will do any kind of work, even make Crotchet Work Perfect.

This Machine makes the celebrated Lock-stitch—the stitch invented by Mr. Howe—alike on both sides. The shuttle tension is upon the thread as it leaves the shuttle, and not upon the bobbin, as in most machines; and this tension is invariable, whether the bobbin be full or nearly empty. It is obtained by turning a screw in the shuttle, and can be changed in a moment, without taking out the work, breaking the thread, or threading through holes.—This Machine is now hung on hinges, and the trouble of taking it from the table to clean and oil obviated.

What we claim, in substance, is, that this is an Honest Machine, and if put in your family, will *do* any and all of your work perfectly, will last a lifetime, is a willing and ready servant, and is not subject to FITS.

Persons who have tried all machines are unanimous in declaring this to be the easiest learned of any in the market. In the majority of cases customers learn from the instruction book without further aid.

This Machine is now for sale in your county by Traveling Agents. If you are not called on by them, and you want the Best Machine for the amount of money you pay out, please address I. E. PALMER & CO., Bellefonte, Pa., or, Philipsburg, Pa., either of which places you may live nearest to, and your order will receive prompt attention in person.—Our Machines are sold on easy terms—either by monthly installments, or by NOTE, CASH or PRODUCE at Market Prices. Needles, Oil, Thread and Extra Attachments constantly on hand at our offices. Office at Bellefonte, in Garman's Hotel Building. Call and see styles and sample work.

v4n37-6m I. E. PALMER & CO., Agents.

No. 1124 CHESTNUT ST.

ROBBINS, CLARK & BIDDLE

PHILADELPHIA,

Invite attention to their large and well selected stock of

Watches, Clocks, Bronzes, Diamonds

SILVER WARE

PLATED WARE,

FANCY GOODS IN GILT & LEATHER,

(Ornaments from Paris, Vienna & Berlin,

French Flowers, Table Cutlery, English Umbrellas,

Orders by Mail will receive prompt attention.

1224, CHESTNUT ST.,

PHILADELPHIA.

44-2m

Emil Joseph and Bro. | *DRY GOODS.*

HURRAH!

CLOTHING!
CLOTHING!
CLOTHING!

The undersigned desiring to dispose of their entire stock of Clothing, in order to make room for a large envoice of FANCY GOODS, are offering it

AT COST PRICES!

Their determination is to quit the CLOTHING BUSINESS, and keep a first class

FANCY, DRY GOOD AND JEWELRY STORE!

They have just received the largest and best

STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS

ever brought to this town, and are, therefore, prepared to hold out

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS

to their old customers and to the public generally. We will

NOT BE UNDERSOLD NOR SURPASSED

IN THE

QUALITY of our GOODS

or in our accommodations to those who favor us with a call. Come in, whether you purchase or not. We sell

FOUR HANDKERCHIEFS FOR ONLY 25 CTS. GOOD SPOOL COTTON, 200 YARDS 50 CENTS PER DOZEN. CALICOES FROM TEN TO TWELVE CENTS. A FULL SUIT OF GOOD CLOTHES FOR $8.50. A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF DRESS GOODS SUCH AS

MERINOS, POPLINS AND SILKS

of the best quality, and very low. An endless variety of LADIES' RIBBONS.

Also, WATCHES and JEWELRY,

The largest assortment in town. Particular attention will be paid to

REPAIRING WATCHES,

and all work warranted. They also deal extensively in the

PEBBLE GLASS SPECTACLE

This glass is cut out of stone, is clear as crystal, and always cool and soothing to the eyes. These GLASSES can be purchased at no other establishment in this county.

We have the Agency for the celebrated and world-wide known,

MASON & HAMLIN Parlor ORGANS.

A large number kept constantly on and sold at Manufactures prices.

For bargains and the value of your money, call on us before purchasing elsewhere. Don't forget the place, opposite Wilson & Hicks' Hardware Store.

39-6m. E. JOSEPH & BRO.

Stationary, Portable and Blast

ENGINES

Saw Mill, Flouring Mill and Blast Furnace Machinery.

H. & F. BLANDY, Newark, Ohio (6-4w

$5 to $20 per day! Agents Wanted! All classes of Working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 6-4t.

HORRIBLE!

I suffered with CATARRH thirty years, and was cured by a simple remedy. Will send receipt, postage free, to all afflicted. Rev. T. J. MEAD, Drawer 176, Syracuse, N. Y. 6-4t

$1.000 REWARD

For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DR BIGG'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all Druggists. Price 1.00. 6-4t.

SAWS

[Established 1830.]

WELCH & GRIFFITHS.

Manufacturers of Saws.

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

EVERY SAW WARRANTED.

FILES, BELTING & MACHINERY

LIBERAL DISCOUNTS.

Price Lists and Circulars free.

WELCH & GRIFFITHS

Boston, Mass., & Detroit, Mich. 6-4t

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

OUR TERMS
FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte Pa., by

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,

at the following rates:

One year in advance,.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....$2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..$3.00

It is Republican in politics—devoted to the Agricultural, Manufacturing and Mining interests of Central Pennsylvania.

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, unless otherwise agreed upon.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts., per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts., per line for each insertion.

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Bussiness Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8,00 per annum.

Advertisements of 10 lines, or less, $1,00 for one insertion, and 5 cts., per line for each additiona insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year
1 inch(12 lin'this type)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	35 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	65 00
One column	35 00	65 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes, Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to E. T. & R. P. TUTEN, Proprietors.
Bellefonte, Pa

Youth's Department.

A CHILD'S HYMN.

Now the day of work is done,
Now the quiet night's begun,
And I lay my tired head,
Safe within my little bed.
Savior, hear me;
Be thou near me;
Till the hours of dark have fled.

I can see from where I lie,
Glitt'ring in the dark blue sky,
Here and there a little star
Shining out so clear and high.
Savior, hear me;
Be thou near me;
Keep me safe beneath thine eye.

If I've grieved thee through this day,
Let my sin be washed away;
Make me meek and pure and kind,
Give me thy most holy mind.
Savior, hear me,
Be thou near me;
Let me now thy mercy find.

Thou art loving me above,
And I will love thee for thy love;
Thou didst leave thy throne on high,
And for me come down to die.
Thou will hear me,
And be near me—
I am safe while thou art nigh.

Changing the Subject

Little Mary had heard her father instruct her older brothers and sisters that when, in the course of a conversation, a subject came up that seemed to be disagreeable to any one present, etiquette demanded that it should be changed as quickly as possible. Some days after, her father said to her as he left the house.

"Mary, papa wants you to be very careful, if you play in the garden to-day, not to touch the hyacinths. Will you remember?"

Of course she would, but on papa return in the evening he found h hyacinths picked, and the marks of the little feet in the garden bed.

Calling Mary up to him, he looked very grave and said.

"My dear, you remember that I told you particularly not to touch the hyacinths, and now I find them picked, and no one has been in the garden but you. How is this?"

Mary laughed, and said:

"O, papa, it was splendid in the garden to-day! I saw a beautiful little bird's nest, and there was a great big butterfly—"

"Wait, wait, my child. I am talking to you about something else now. Don't you understand me? I am seriously displeased with you! I told you not to touch the hyacinths, and now I find them picked, and your footprints all about."

"Oh, yes papa, I did have the loveliest time in the garden to-day. Don't you think it was a beautiful day?"

"Mary how dare you answer me so impertinently! I am talking to you about your disobedience. Why do you not attend to me? I shall have to make you."

Rather sobered at the suggestion, the little girl's countenance fell, and she faltered out:

"Why, papa, you said that when a subject became unpleasant to any one, the only way was to change it."

Papa saw the point, and the unpleasant subject was dropped for that time.

—A Danbury youth who could not sing or play, wanting to serenade his girl, whistled for a half hour under her window the other evening, and when he got over the fence found about seventy five dogs waiting to see what he wanted.

—Massachusetts has not only a larger population per acre than any other State but she has one mile of railroad to each 4,704-1000 square miles of territory and to every 879 inhabitants, which is not equaled in any other section of this country, and is above the average of any country in Europe.

Agricultural.

The Lesson of the Season

Though the days are lengthening, and the sun is returning, and the summer joys afar off is advancing, still the cold of winter is yet to come. The great mother of storms sings in the north; snows are yet to be pilled and drifted; bitter days are yet to come; the whole weight of winter is due after the days begin to lengthen; frosts will grip the ground, and not let go; but under the storms, through the snows, beneath the cold, under all the winter, is nevertheless the silent deliverance which is surely coming. You cannot yet see the effect; no flower blossoms, no bud swells, no dew softly speaks to yon; yet along the carly and late horizon is a circle of cresten light girdling the earth, and as sure as God's decree it is bringing summer with it, and every day nearer. Therefore, let those who mourn in harsh troubles, and are overwhelmed in storms of adversity, know that, though winter yet lowers, the great cause of their trouble may have changed long ago. Let those who are in sorrow remember that, as the year goes on storming and thundering, deliverance may be coming, though they see it not. Your days may wear more gold in the morning, and more at night, though the midday is full of snow. Nor relief come to us at once when we repent and turn to God. God may be gracious, though he comes to us robed in darkness and clothed with storms. It is a journey of release toward the spring, when winter is coldest and darkest. Read the year by faith and not by sight.

Better Education of Horses

The education of horses is going to charactize an important epoch of the nineteenth century. After the benevolent Creator had told father Adam to have dominion over the beasts of the field through love, Adam's depraved descendants began to tyrannize over the poor horse, so that the primeval dominion remaining has been mantained only by cruel brute force. Horses have been knocked and whanged about as if they were foot-balls.

Such a thing as educating horses has scarcely been thought of. The rule has been, when a young horse was first harnessed, if he did not move right along, before he had been taught where to go and what to do, to whip him. If he acted awkwardly, the lash was laid on. If he sprang at the unceremonious abuse, the cruel driver repeated the abuse. If the horse ran, he was whaled. If he trembled with fear, the driver would lick him. If he failed to start before he had been taught to go, a severe cut was given him with the lash. If he stumbled on rough ground, he got licked for it. If he slipped down for want of being properly shod, he was licked. If he fell exhausted beneath a heavy load, a cart-rung was cracked over his head. If he whoaed to soon when told to whoa, he got licked again for it. If he manifested any resentment to cruel treatment, he received abuse without measure. But the day of millennial glory will soon dawn,—when our horses will be educated to render service for affection. The day is about to dawn when schools will be established all over our country for preparing competent instructors to educate our horses. It is a philanthropic enterprise; and all good people will hold up both hands for the coming of that eventful day.—*Edward Todd.*

The Farmer's Vocation Perpetual.

We need not fear that the human race will ever cease to have a delight in the cultivation of land—the raising of grain and fruits—in planting trees. Men always did delight in the pleasure of agriculture. It has been the chosen pursuit of the ablest and wisest men in all ages. The pleasures of the husbandman have been the theme of poets and orators in every language and in every land. These pleasures, Cicero tells us, are not checked by old age, and they make the nearest approach to the life of a wise man. And he tells us that Homer introduces Laertes, soothing the regrets which he felt for his son, by tilling the land and manuring it. Marcus Curius, after he had triumphed over the Semnites, over Pyrrhus, spent the closing period of his existence in agricultural persuits. Cincinnatus was at the plough when it was announced to him that he was made Dictator.

A garden is naturally apt to fill the mind with calmness and tranquillity, and to lay all the turbulent passions at rest. The philosopher Bolingbroke was never so happy, Pope tells us, as when among the haymakers on his farm. And not alone in the refinements of rural life will there be an interest. Farmers hold the world together. There may be years when they seem to be of less consequence. Trade or manufactures may allure some of them for a time. But there will ever be latent in every man's breast a hope to end his days on a farm.

LIMING LAND.

We call the attention of farmers to the following articles on liming land. We will trade lime for wood or any other farm products that will be useful to us.—We will also supply farmers with Flour of Bone, ground Bone, Phosphate of lime and other fertilizers at the lowest cash prices. Orders solicited.

SHORTLIDGE & Co.

Pennsylvania Farmer: I have been interested in reading the views of your Prof. Johnson on the use of lime. Those I take it are the theoretical views of the chemist, and, in the main, they accord with our practice. Farmers all through this State use lime once every five years at least, and sometimes oftener. The general practice is to spread the lime newly slaked and while hot from the heap, in the shape of a fine dry caustic powder, on to the plowed land, just before the wheat is sown. On some occasions I have spread lime in this caustic state on clover sod, to be plowed in Spring for corn, and also, when circumstances have made it necessary, on young wheat, but I never found it to injure either the clover or wheat. I have piled lime in a clover field during the Winter slaked it there, and hauled it away in the Spring, leaving at the bottoms of the heaps lime enough to make 1,000 bushels or more per acre in the most caustic state, and the clover has grown up abundantly through the lime uninjured. I doubt if lime will destroy vegetation as it destroys dead animal matter, as flesh or leather. Moss is not thus destroyed, but the favorable conditions for its growth, and more valuable plants are thus oncouraged and usurp its place. I do not believe we use lime enough, and in clay soils I believe the quantity recommended by Prof. Johnson, viz., 100 to 150 bushels per acre, preferable to our regular quantity of 50 bushels. Would Prof. Johnson experiment on the effect that caustic lime has upon clay in the way of rendering potash soluble. How lime operates on the soil is one of those things that "no fellow seems to have found out," although I have my opinion gathered from a good deal of practice that it releases potash, as I have found exactly the same results on strips treated with lime and wood ashes alternately. But the main point in practice seems to me to be that as lime in the quantities used by farmers does not injure growing crops, but on the contrary benefits them, that when circumstances have prevented its application on bare land it should be spread on the growing crop by all means; more especially when clover is to be sown in the Spring; clover being the crop most benefited by a dressing of lime.

Will you allow me to propound one or two questions for your consideration, which have been induced by reading in the agricultural department of the weekly "Tribune" of Jan. 8, some experiments by a Pennsylvania farmer in regard to liming land. Says this correspondent: "I have found exactly the same results on strips of land treated with lime and wood ashes alternately." Now, then, lime being an alkaline substance, or largely so, will not plants, in the absence of potash in the soil, make use of lime as a substitute, and use it with equal effect. Common salt being about one-half soda, an alkali, will not these two substances, lime and salt, used on land fully supply the place of potash?—[W. P. Gates, Windham Co., Conn.

Reply by S. W. Johnson, author of "How Crops Feed"

The fact that lime and wood ashes may produce the same effect on a soil is due to the fact that they are commonly almost identical in composition. Shell-lime and burned from many limestones contain, independently of matters introduced by fuel, less than one per cent of other ingredients. Limestones are, however, often admixed with clay, sand, or carbonate of magnesia, and the impure lime obtained from them is, after slaking and exposure, quite like leeched wood-ashes in all essential points of composition. Unleached wood-ashes contain, of course, some 10 or 15 per cent of potash (as carbonate chiefly) in addition. The action of leached ashes must, therefore, be nearly that of ordinary lime when the latter is used after air-slaking, or when it is applied in light doses or on soils whose quality does not admit of much alteration by the chemical energies of quicklime.

Mr. Gates' first question, viz.:—whether, "in the absence of potash from the soil, plants will not make use of lime as a substitute, and use it with equal effect," is one which can be answered with the most positive certainty, no! The numerous and exact experiments which have been carried out with extraordinary labor and patience by Prince Salm-Hortner, Sachs, Knop, and many other of the German agricultural chemists during the last 20 years, have demonstrated that lime and potash are generally indispensable to plant growth. These experiments have altogether failed to give any indication that one of these alkalies can be substituted for the other in the plant. The evidence on that subject cannot be given in less than book-limits, being contained in a large number of detailed journal articles. It is to be regretted that none of these are to be found in an English dress. The only fairly adequate account of the results of these investigations is contained in "How Crops Grow," pp. 166 to 172.

Before proceeding to the second question, it must be remembered that while lime cannot take the place nor fulfill the offices of potash *in the plant*, it may in certain cases take the place of potash in manure If the soil is deficient in potash, no quantity of lime can be a substitute for it, but if, on the other hand, the soil be deficient not in potash absolutely, but in available potash, *i. e.*, in potash which is obtainable or digestible by the plant, then lime serves as a substitute for manuring with potash, by making available the potash which exists in the soil, but only in insoluble forms. Plainly, it amounts to the same thing, whether we apply to the soil a fertilizer containing soluble potash, or a chemical agent which liberates and makes soluble the potash of feldspar mica, and other materials that are a part of the soil.

The second question as to common salt is answered for the most part in the foregoing paragraphs. Potash is a substance for which nothing can be a substitute in the plant. Soda is an alkali often absent from and generally essential to the growth of plants. Even marine or salt-strand plants grow perfectly in absence of soda. Just, however, as lime may accomplish the solution of potash in the soil and render it attainable to vegetation, in sufficient quantity and with sufficient rapidity to make possible the development of a crop which might fail in its absence, so salt and all saline fertilizers operate, and thus salt, neither of whose ingredients is required by many crops, sometimes has a strikingly beneficial action when applied as a fertilizer. E. Wolf analyzed samples of buckwheat raised from the same soil and seed, one of which was manured with common salt, two others with carbonate and nitrate of potash respectively, and one was unmanured. The unmanured contained in its ash 36.4 per cent of potash, and 4.6 of salt; that manured with salt contained 38.6 per cent of potash and three of salt. Those to which potash-salt were added contained 40.1 and 42.4 per cent of potash and 3.2 and 3.8 of soda. The effect of salt was to increase the proportion of potash rather than that of soda. 6-3t

For Sale.

FOR SALE!

A desirable stone dwelling house, with outbuildings, blacksmith stand and lot of land containing about TWO ACRES, covered with a fine lot of FRUIT TREES in a thriving condition, situated about 2 miles west of Pine Grove, on the road leading to Spruce Creek. For further particulars apply to SAM'L GOSS, Rock Spring, Pa. 5-2-3m

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE

The undersigned offer for sale the following desirable real estate, situate in Snow Shoe and Boggs townships, Centre county, to wit: All that certain messunge or tract of land situate in Snow Shoe township, adjoining lands of Messe Gunsallis, John Lucas and others, containing 152 acres and 84 perches, a portion cleared, balance well timbered and underlaid with coal Also the undivided one-fourth part of a tract of land situate in the aforesaid twp., lately owned by Gideon and Matthias Bechtol, containing 139 acres and 68 perches, is in good state of cultivation, and is underlaid with coal. Also all that certain lot or parcel of ground situate in Boggs twp. adjoining Central City, containing eleven acres more or less thereon erected a large frame building (formerly used as a tannery) and three tenant houses A fine location for manufacturing purposes the Bald Eagle Valley R R passing the property and the Bald Eagle Creek forming the Southern boundary Also all that certain two story stone house and lot of ground in the Borough of Bellefonte adjoining lot of Presbyterian church fronting sixty feet on Spring st., and extending back to new st., containing eleven rooms, fine cellar and supplied with gas and water choice fruit on the premises For further information apply to or address J D Shurgert Centre Co. Bank, or N. M. Hoover, Bellefonte, Pa. 6-tf

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will expose to public sale, on his farm in Franklin township, Huntingdon County, about half a mile from Penna. Furnace, on

THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1873,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described personal property, to wit:

SIX GOOD WORKING OR DRIVING HORSES,

Four Superior Milch Cows, five Calves, Breeding Sow, Shoats and Pigs, Seed Hog, one 4-horse Wagon, one 2-horse Wagon, one Single Wagon, Gears of all kinds, Yankee Harness, Buggy and Harness, Plows, Harrows, Shovels, Forks, Cultivator, a lot of Grain in the ground, lot of old Lumber, Boxes, Barrels, and other things too numerous to mention. Also, a lot of Household Furniture, Tin Ware, Queens Ware, &c. Everything will be sold without reserve as I am going West. Terms made known on day of sale.

5-3 ISAAC M. CARTER.

Medicines.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.

Next door to Wilson's, & Hicks' Hardware store, Allegheny St.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

R. F. Rankin & Co.,

(Successors to Linn & Wilson.)

DEALERS IN

PURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, NOTIONS, FANCY ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET, &c.

PURE WINE AND LIQUORS for medicinal purposes.

SHOULDER BRACES,

TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS in great variety.

Also, Choice

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

and all other articles usually kept in a first class Drug Store.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

4-19-1y R. F. RANKIN & CO.

Dry Goods.

H. S. THOMPSON.

CLOSING OUT SALE

DECIDEDLY IN

FAVOR OF THE BUYER!

We offer our large and varied assortment of

DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS, CASSIMERES, FLANNELS,

FANCY DRY GOODS, LACES,

EMBROIDERED and PLAIN HANDKERCHIEFS,

Also, EARTHEN, CROCKERY, AND GLASSWARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, GUMS,

and in fact everything that can be found in a country store.

WE OFFER THESE GOODS AT LESS THAN COST!

as we are going to give up the business in the spring

Halfmoon, Jan. 29. 5-2-2m

AUCTIONEER.—Samuel Parker offers his services to the people of Bellefonte and Centre county, as Auctioneer. He will cry all sales entrusted to him at reasonable prices. Address SAMUEL PARKER, 4n-42ly. Bellefonte, Pa.

CLOTHING.

NEW ARRANGEMENT!

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER, having purchased the entire stock of the late firm of Sussman & Guggenheimer, except the Leather and Shoe findings, has filled up his shelves with a lot of

SPLENDID NEW GOODS,

embracing

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

DRESS GOODS,

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS & CAPS,

AND FANCY ARTICLES,

and is now perpared to accommodate all his old customers, and to welcome all new ones who may favor him with their patronage. He feels safe in saying that he can please the most fastidious. Call and see,

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER.

P. S.—Mr. Sussman still continues to deal in

LEATHER AND SHOE-FINDINGS,

CLOVER & TIMOTHY SEEDS.

in the old room, where he may always be found v4n12 1y.

New Clothing Store!

I. L. REIZENSTEIN,

in the corner building, opposite Hoffer's store, Bellefonte, has established a new Clothing store where the best bargains in the county are offered.

$7,50 to $15

FOR SUITS OF THE

FINEST CASSIMERE.

HATS, CAPS,

and a full and complete assortment of everything in the line of Clothing.

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

all directly from their own manufactory. Also,

Jewelry, Watches, Etc.

They have engaged their old clerk, Mr. A. Sternberg, so well known to the people, and who will be pleased to see his old friends. Repairing of Watches promptly attended to, by F Galbraith. v4n15-1y.

BAKERIES.

H. D. YERGER'S

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY STORE.

In the marble front of T. R. Reynolds, is really and truly the place to buy

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, RAISONS, NUTS AND CANDIES OF ALL KINDS.

ICE CREAM

is a specialty and will be kept at al times an at all hours by him.

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, NUTS, RAISENS, ORANGES, LEMONS, ICE CREAM, &c., &c., all sold by him at the most reasonable rates. Call and see him and rest assured that you will not be disappointed.

H. D. YERGER,
v4n15-1y Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa.

Hardwarre.

HARDWARE!

NO. 5 BROCKERHOFF ROW

J. & J. HARRIS,

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES

All sorts of

Forks,
Chains,
Shovels,
Axes,
Grindstones,
Coal Oil Lamps,
Paints,
Oils,
Varnishes,
&c.

We hope by

STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS

to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

BUILDERS AND OTHERS

will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock.

J. & J. HARRIS,
v5n2-1y No. 5 Brockerhoff Row.

SEE in another column, advertisement about Iowa and Nebraska Lands. 5-4

A NEW LOT OF THE LATEST STYLES OF

JOB TYPE

JUST RECEIVED FOR DOING

FIRST-CLASS JOB PRINTING

To keep due watch and ward over the soul, it is not necessary, neither is it to be desired that one should always be looking inward. God has given the wide field of the world that man need not be wholly engrossed in the little foot he calls his own. It has been wisely and truly said "the office of religion is not to drive us back upon ourselves in anxious self-criticism, but to take us out of ourselvs and unite us to the whole world, in loving self-abandonment. A man must take himself for better or worse, and forget himself if possible; so shall he soonest arrive at the beautiful vision."

Take heed to thyself because example is very powerful and many fall because not strong enough to withstand its evil fascinations. Thank God that good example is as powerful as bad, and that many are led to pure and lofty deeds whose prototypes they have seen, admired and copied. So when doubt fastens on the soul, and would palsy endeavor, the thought that each is in a measure his brother's keeper will engender a holy resolution that will help keep the soul pure lest it lead astray one less able to stand than himself.

God has given us so much individuality that no two persons are ever tempted precisely alike. The temperament of some is so equable that the storms of life have little power to disturb the even tenor of their way; while others are by nature so irritable that life is one continued unrest. The former, unless he keeps his soul diligently, may sink into apathy and forget sympathy; and the latter may inflict the shadow of his heavy burden on all with whom he associates.

To each one therefore is given, with God's promised assistance, the custody of his own soul, to make it better or suffer it to degenerate, to feed it with the bread of wisdom, or the chaff of folly, to fill it with high aims or permit it to grovel in the mire and dust of earth; never craving for it the wings that would help it to mount to light and a better life.

Take heed to thyself in the daily duties that are fresh with each morning's rays. The great occasion for heroism or self-denial comes seldom in a life-time, but these qualities are needed to one's feet in the path of duty however lowly and dim that path may be. To do right for its own sake when it promises neither honor or profit is true heroism; to abstain from self indulgence because it may place a rock of stumbling in a brother's way is self-denial such as God visits with the smile of His approval.

Keep the soul diligently that it may be open to all good influences. Let the voice of music raise it above the discords of daily life, let art be welcomed as an angel ministering to high, pure needs; let the season in their birth, prime and decline, come with lessons of wisdom that shall draw the heart nearer to Him whose word created, and whose love and power uphold all that we see in the wide universe above and around.

The pure in heart, they shall see God in his works, in his dealings with man, in the revelation he has vouchsafed of himself through prophets of old and, in later days, by his son our Savior.

In our love and veneration for the newer revelation, let us not ignore those earlier Scriptures, so full of wisdom, so rich in poetry, so teeming with the treasures of those primeval days. The words of the great Law-giver are not lost in sublimity, in truthfulness, in adaption, in large degree, to present altered circumstances. Now, as then, it becomes all to take heed what lessons life teaches and to keep the soul diligently, lest it stray from duty and God. H. J. L.

—The Niagara ship canal project, now before Congress, would cost about twelve million dollars.

Insurance.

JOSEPH A. RANKIN, Continues to insure Real and Personal Property in the following Companies, viz: Lycoming Fire Insurance Company of Muncy Pa ,Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia Pa., German Insurance Company of Erie Pa., Armenia Insurance Company of Pittsburgh Pa.,Columbia Insurance Company of Columbia Pa , and National Insurance Company of Hartford City. Office opposite the Presbyterian Church. v-5-no-2-1-y.

Attorneys and Agents.

JOHN F. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. oct27'70-tf.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte. Pa. Office on High St. ja4'71-tf.

N. M ALLISTER.... .....JAMES A. BEAVER.

M'ALLISTER & BEAVER, Attorneys-at-Law Bellefonte, Pa. v3n1-1y.

ISAAC LYTLE, Attorney-at-Law, Officee with Wilson & Hutchison, Allegheny street, Bllefonte, Pa. v4n46-1y

WM. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte Pa. Office in Mrs. Benner's Building, Bellefonte Pa. v4n12-1y

E. BLANCHALD.....E. M. BLANCHARD

E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v3-1-1y.

J. J. LINGLE, Attorney at Law Osceola, Clearfield County, Pa., will practice in the several Courts of Clearfield and Centre Counties. 5-6-1y.

J. S. BARNHART, Attorney at Law. Collections and all other legal business promptly attended to, Office, 2nd floor over Bank of Wm. F. Reynolds & Co. v3n7-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co 's Bank. v4n27-1y.

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, Notary Public, Military Claim Agent and Conveyancer will attend faithfully to all business entrusted to his care. Office Nearly opposite the Court House, two doors from the Law-Office of Messrs Bush & Yocum. n4v20-1y.

ADAM HOY. JAMES T. HALE

HOY & HALE, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business submitted to them with promptness and dispatch. Special attention given to Orphans Court Practise and Collections. Remittances promptly made. v4n42-1y

D. G. BUSH.....GEO. M. YOCUM.

BUSH & YOCUM, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to them, with promptness. Office Northeast corner of the Diamond, in Mrs. Irwin's stone building. v3n4-1y.

JOHN H. ORVIS. CYRUS T. ALEXANDER

ORVIS & ALEXANDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Conrad House, Allegheny street.

J. P. GEPHART,
WITH
ORVIS & ALEXANDER,
attends to collections and practice in the Orphans' Court. v3n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

AUGUSTUS HIBLER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence near the Quaker Meeting House. Will attend to all business in his profession at all times and at all hours. v4n23-1y.

GEORGE F. HARRIS, M. D., Physician and Surgeon; Pension Surgeon for Centre Co., will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. Office on High street, North side, Bellefonte, Pa. v3n4-1y.

JAMES H. DOBBINS, Physician and Surgeon. Office up stairs in J. H. McClure's building, Bishop street, Bellefonte, Pa. Will attend to all business in his profession, faithfully at all times and all hours. v3n2-1y.

DRS. T. R. & R. F. HAYES, Physicians and Surgeons, offer their professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office over *Watchman* office. Residence last house on East Linn Street v3n5-y

GEO. L. POTTER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, offers his professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office removed to house formerly occupied by Mrs Livingston, on Spring street, two doors South of Presbyterian church. mar16'70-tf.

J. C. McENTIRE, Dentist, notifies his friends and the public generally, that he has opened an office for the practice of his profession, in the brick building opposite the "Republican" office. All persons wishing Dental operations, teeth or repairs will please call. All I ask is a trial. Work warranted. 4-22-1y

S. BELFORD D. D. S.—Offers his Professional serveces to the citizens of Centre Co. Office over Wilson's Drug Store, one Doore Below Irwin & Wilson's Hardware Store. All Work intrusted to me will be Executed in the Best Manner.
Vulcanite, full Setts.....$30
Upper Setts.....$15
Partial Setts $2 per tooth. Please give me a call. v3n-14

J. W. RHONE, Dentist, Boalsburg, Penn'a. In his office every Monday and Saturday of each week. Agent for the new improved Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Also Agent for the New York Mutual Life Insurance Company. The Assets on 1st January, 1872, were $51,577,997 00. Its cash Receipts During the year 1871, were $15,565,644 77. The cash Dividends paid to policy holders in 1871, were $3,365,496 19.
☞ The ratio of Expenses (including taxes) to receipts during the year 1871, were only seven and eight-tenths per cent., which is much less than any other Company. 5-3-y

BANKS.

C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v3n1-1y.

H. BROCKERHOFF, Pres't. J. D. SHUGERT, Cash'r.

CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO., receive Deposits and allow Interest, Discount notes, Buy and sell Government Securities, Gold and Coupons. v3n2-1y.

MOSES THOMPSON, JOHN I. THOMPSON
WM. THOMPSON, JR.

JOHN I. THOMPSON & CO.,
BANKERS,
LEMONT, CENTRE CO., PA.
v4n26-1y

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, in Basement of the Conrad House Bellefonte Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a SHAVE without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, Hair Oil ,Hair Restoratives, Paper Collars, &c., constantly on hand. ja12'73.1y.

Tobacco.

NATHANEL BECK keeps constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Cigars Snuff fine cut and plug Tobacco; also pipes and Cigar holders of every variety Call and see. Next door to entrance of Bush House.

Medical.

J. ZELLER & SON,
DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES,
NO. 6 BROCKERHOFF ROW
BELLEFONTE, PENNA.,
Prescriptions carefully prepared at all hours of the night or day. 5-1-y

Miscellaneous Cards.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

WATCHMAKER!

THE undersigned adopts this method of informing his friends and the people of Centre Co., that he is now located in the room adjoining the store of Harper Bros., on Spring St., where he is prepared to make and repair watches. He is solicitous of business and guarentees complete satisfaction to all who may favor him with their work. Clocks watches and jewelry repaired upon the shortest notice. F. C. RICHARD.
v4n38-1y.

ESTABLISHED 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST.
BUSH HOUSE BUILDING, BELLEFONTE,

Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first-class Drug Store. Particular attention given to preparing Physicians prescriptions, and family recipes. v3n7-1y.

TO BUILDERS!

HAVING purchased the Beech Creek Saw Mill Property, at Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., I am prepared to fill orders for

WHITE & YELLOW PINE,
OAK
HEMLOCK LUMBER.

Also, for
SHINGLES, PLASTERING LATH AND PALINGS.
W. M. HOLMES,
Post Office Address, Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa. 3-47 tf

☞ A complete file of the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN may always be found at the offices of GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Advertising Agents, 40 and 41 Park Row, New York, who are authorized to represent us in that city.

Coal, Lime, &c.

WM. SHORTLIDGE. BOND VALENTINE

Shortlidge & Co.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

SELL
ANTHRACITE COAL
LIME,
POWDER,
FIRE BRICK,
IMPLEMENTS,
FERTILIZERS!

Office and Yard near South End of Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Depot,
v4n34-1y

Coal! Coal! Coal!

HAVING erected new Coal Sheds and new Scales, (Fairbanks') we are prepared to furnish the

Very Best Quality
OF
Wilkesbarre and Shamokin Coal!

to all who may want the same, at the
MOST REASONABLE PRICES
Our Coal is of the very
BEST IN THE MARKET

and will be delivered at the residence of all parties in Bellefonte, as low as the same quality of coal can be had elsewhere.
All orders left with J. P. Gephart, at his office in the Conrad House, or at the Coal Yard, will receive prompt attention.
ALEXANDER & CO.

HAYES, COULTER & CO,
Successors to W. A. Arnold,
MANUFACTURERS OF
HEATERS, RANGES, LOW GRATES,
AND
MARBELIZED SLATE MANTELS
Send for Catalogue.
No. 1305 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
4-38-1y.

Grain and Flour.

BELLEFONTE MERCHANT MILLS.

J. M. WAGNER & CO.

inform their friends, and the people of Centre and adjoining counties, that they continue to do business at the Bellefonte Mill. They keep constantly on hand the very best of
FAMILY AND SUPERFINE FLOUR,
Corn Meal, Feed of all kinds, such as Corn in the Ear, Rye, Chop, Corn Chop, Rye, Corn and Oats Chop, mixed in equal quantities, which they sell wholesale and retail at the lowest reasonable rates. They also buy
GRAIN OF ALL KINDS,
for which they pay the Highest Market Price, and pay the cash right down. No farmer need come the second time for his Greenbacks. Give us a trial. JOHN M. WAGNER & CO.,
v4n6-1y. Bellefonte, Pa.

GEORGE BLYMYER, ANDREW BLYMYER
JACOB C. BLYMYER, JOS F. BLYMYER.

MILROY WAREHOUSE.

C. BLYMYER & SONS

having taken possession of the Warehouse in
MILROY, MIFFLIN COUNTY, PA.,
beg leave to announce to the citizens of Centre county, that they are prepared to buy
ALL KINDS OF GRAIN,
at the
HIGHEST MARKET PRICES
SALT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
COAL & PLASTER ALWAYS
ON HAND.
thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance of the same. v3n27-1y

IRON.

IRON! IRON!

A general assortment of all sorts of
IRON OF ALL SIZES,
including Horse-shoe and Axe iron, and Steel
Tire and Sleigh Soles. Also
STEEL FURNITURE
AND
BED SPRINGS,
of all shapes and sizes, for sale by the
BELLEFONTE IRON COMP'Y.
v3n1-tf

MILESBURG FOUNDRY.

CASTINGS AND MACHINERY OF ALL kinds made and fitted up in the best style
Thimble SKEINS
of the last improved style, Wholesale or Retail.
Turbine Water Wheels, Engines, &c.,
made to order. [4-29-1y] J. M. GREEN.

W. P. DUNCAN,
BELLEFONTE PA.
FOUNDER & MACHINIST
MANUFACTURER OF
Steam Engines,
TURBINE WATER WHEELS,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
Mill Machinery.
v4n46-1y.

JEWELRY, &c.

FRANK P. BLAIR!

[ALLEGHENY AND HIGH STREETS.]

[BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO. PENN'A.]

WATCHES,
SILVER WARE,
JEWELRY,
FANCY GOODS
v2n47y

ALL WORK WARRANTED. ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Hotels.

RAIL ROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,
PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE CO., PA.
ROBERT LOYD, Prop'r.
The best of Liquors and Segars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. v4n26-1y

NATIONAL HOTEL,
MILLHEIM, CENTRE COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned adopts this method of informing the travelling community, and citizens generally, that he has refitted and furnished anew throughout, with first-class furniture, this well known and established house—
THE NATIONAL HOTEL, MILLHEIM, PA.
He is well prepared to furnish first-class accommodations to all who desire to make a hotel their Home, or pleasant temporary abode. The custom of the travelling public, and the surrounding country, is respectfully solicited. Courteous and attentive servents are engaged at this popular Hotel. The Stabling is the very best, and none but careful and accommodating Hostlers are employed.
JONATHAN KREMER,
j7'13'73-1y. Prop'r.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.
D. JOHNSON & SONS, Proprietors.
A FIRST CLASS HOTEL—COMFORTABLE ROOMS,
PROMPT ATTENDANCE.
ALL THE MODERN CONVENIENCES—
AND REASONABLE CHARGES,
The proprietors offer to the traveling public, and to their country friends, first class accommodations and careful attention to the wants of guests at all times, at fair rates. Careful hostlers and good stabling for horses. An excellent table well served. A Bar supplied with fine liquors. Servants will trained and everything requisite in a first class Hotel. Our location is in the business part of the town, near the Post Office, the Court House, the Churches, the Banks, and the principal places of business, renders it the most eligible place for those who visit Bellefonte, on business or for pleasure.
AN OMNIBUS WILL CARRY PASSENGERS
and baggage to and from all trains free of charge
4-35-y.

BUSH HOUSE,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
First-Class Accommodations
FOR
300 GUESTS
W. H. WILKINSON & CO.,
v3n1-1y PROPRIETORS.

Livery Stables.

LIVERY STABLE!

WM. McCULLEY, begs leave to inform the citizens of Bellefonte and the public generally, that he has opened and is now keeping one of the largest and most extensive
Livery Stables in Bellefonte.
His horses are good and safe—his
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., ARE ALL GOOD,
and comfortable. His rates of hire are reasonable. He solicits the patronage of the public, and promises satisfaction.
WM. McCULLEY.
v4n33-1y

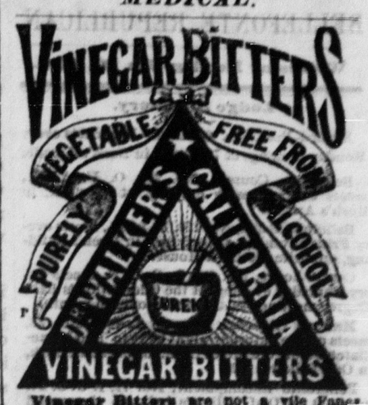
Provisions.

CARDS, Letter-Heads, Bill-Heads, Posters Envelopes, &c., neatly executed at the REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

The Best Beef in the Market
CAN BE FOUND AT
Edwin Tyson's
Meat Market. We kill
THE VERY BEST OF BEEVES
that can be found, and keep a large assortment of other kinds of meats of the very best quality and at very
REASONABLE PRICES.
Call and see us, on HIGH STREET, near the new building of the First National Bank. Farmers will do well to call and see us before selling at any other place, as
We Pay the Best Prices
AND
CASH IN ADVANCE.
6-5-2m

BLATCHLEY'S
IMPROVED CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP.
Tasteless, Durable, Efficient and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the Pump or disturbing the joints. Also, the Copper Chamber, which never cracks or scales, and will outlast any other. For sale by Dealers everywhere. Send for Catalogue and Price-List.
CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, M'f'r, 306 Commerce St., Philada., Pa v4n26-1y

MEDICAL.



Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Fancy Drink, made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the native roots and herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the Great Blood Purifier and a Life-giving Principle, a Perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition, enriching it, refreshing and invigorating both mind and body. They are easy of administration, prompt in their action, certain in their results, safe and reliable in all forms of disease.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain longun well, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. In these complaints it has no equal, and one bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs and in Bilious Diseases.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. Says a distinguished physiologist: There is scarcely an individual on the face of the earth whose body is exempt from the presence of worms. It is not upon the healthy elements of the body that worms exist, but upon the diseased humors and slimy deposits that breed these living monsters of disease. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Typesetters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS twice a week.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc., etc. In these as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters act on all these cases in a similar manner. By purifying the Blood they remove the cause, and by resolving away the effects of the inflammation (the tubercular deposits) the affected parts receive health, and a permanent cure is effected.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

The Aperient and mild Laxative properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are the best safe-guard in cases of eruptions and malignant fevers, their balsamic, healing, and soothing properties protect the humors of the fauces. Their Sedative properties allay pain in the nervous system, stomach, and bowels, either from inflammation, wind, colic, cramps, etc.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Directions.—Take of the Bitters on going to bed at night from a half to one and one-half wine-glassfull. Eat good nourishing food, such as beef-steak, mutton chop, venison, roast beef, and vegetables, and take out-door exercise. They are composed of purely vegetable ingredients, and contain no spirit.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, Cal., & cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N.Y.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS & DEALERS.
4-39-3m.

LOGAN FOUNDRY,
NEAR THE RAIL ROAD DEPOT,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

It is with pleasure I inform the people Centre and the adjoining counties, that I am now prepared to make
HOUSE CASTINGS,
such as Sash Weights, Cellar Window Grates, &c., of all sizes.
Grist & Sawmill Castings, Sled
Soles of all kinds, Plows, Plow Shares. I also manufacture the
IMPROVED WORTZ PLOW.
Also, Egg Stoves, Stove Castings, Oven Doors and Grates, Coal Grates for Pavements, Water Pipes, Wagon Boxes, together with every
VARIETY OF CASTINGS,
kept constantly on hand, or made to order. All orders filled promptly. Give me a call. Don't forget the place, near the Railroad Depot, Bellefonte.
v3n1-1y GEO. A. BOWER.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

Wednesday Morning, Feb. 26, 1873.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 90, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 270, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 155, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 58, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall, on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each full moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Constans Commandery, No. 33, K. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

A FINE assortment of toilet soaps at Green's.

FOR chapped hands, lips or face there is no preparation equal to Green's cocoa camphorine.

JUDGE MAYER is still unwell. Judge Gamble of Williamsport has been holding court for him in Lock Haven.

MOST of the shadows that cross our path through life are caused by standing in our own light.

WM. P. FUREY is running a daily paper at Pottsville called the *Transcript*. As we haven't seen it we have no comments.

GREEN'S Liver Pills cure the worst case of liver complaint. Sold wholesale and retail by F. P. Green sole proprietor.

THOSE who strive to serve both God and mammon can't decide which is the Good Book—the Bible or the pocket book.

THERE were six arrests in Lock Haven last week for offences ranging from disorderly conduct on the streets, to the more grave ones of stealing, &c.

A great many strange negroes were in town on Saturday last, and we happened to notice that they were pretty well filled with ardent spirits.

THE tents and other buildings on the grounds of the West Branch Camp meeting association have been badly injured by the heavy storms.

REV. H. C. Pardoe, late of this place, was lately presented with a suit of clothes by the Lewistowners. That Reverend always had a weakness for good clothes.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.—A fine sable cape was lost on Saturday evening, Feb. 22, between the diamond and Valentines Forge. The finder will receive the above reward by leaving it at this office.

A newspaper called the *Times* has been started at Mount Union, Huntingdon county, H. E. Shaffer, formerly of the Fulton *Republican*. It professes to be independent in politics.

Do you remember that fancy long-haired chap, with the gold-headed cane, that took on so many airs? He left suddenly the other day, and the Bush House remembers him to the extent of $200.

ONE of the largest and most complete stock of Drugs Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, combs, brushes and Druggist sundries will be found at Green's Drug Store in the Bush House Block.

DENTISTRY.—John D. Wingate, D. D. S., expects to re-open his office at the Butts House, on March 4th next, to remain at least a week. To insure attention make your appointments or call early. 6-tf

THE lumber firm of Rhoads and Smith of Snow Shoe, sold twelve rafts of the very best pine timber that township affords, to R. R. Bridgens, Esq., of Lock Haven, at twenty two cents per foot.

ALL persons who intend selling out this spring should have their hand-bills printed at this office. Our bills we believe are more attractive than any others printed in this county and our prices are very low.

THE slushy and sloppy condition of some of our pavements is inexcusable and causes great inconvenience to pedestrians. A short exercise of muscle, with the aid of a good shovel, would cause great improvement on this score.

JAMES MCCAFFERTY having just opened a blacksmith shop in Bishop street, is prepared to do all kinds of work, and by promptness and attention to business, hopes to receive a share of public patronage. tf

AN exchange gives the following notice:

"We will spend sixty-five dollars for a new head to our paper next week."

We suggest, from the looks of his paper, that he'd better save his money and buy a new head for the editor.

THE law requires the directors of each school district to publish a report of the finances of the district each year. The law is a wise one, its object being to enable the tax-payers to see how the money is expended; and yet probably not one board in ten complies with the law in this respect.

IN UNION Township and Union Borough cast but one single vote in favor of license. The man who voted that ticket should be admired for his individuality.

NOT a hog or steer of unusual growth, not a big tree or a six-toed baby, never a "concert of vocal music" or school examination, not even a fight or a patent right has been heard of this week out of which to construct a local.

CONSIDERABLE interest was displayed in our local election on Friday. Scratching and cutting were lively. All sorts of reports were going to allure the floating vote, but altogether we have a good set of officers to manage our borough affairs. Local option was our most popular candidate.

DR. J. D. WINGATE late of this place has invented a dental instrument called the "Depurator" used in the treatment of Alveolo dental inflamation and abcess. It is said to be a good thing. We always knew that he had a Websterian head and are not surprised to hear of this great invention.

THE Local option election is over and the smoke of battle that rolls away savors not of rum or limvurger.

The temperance men are looking for the millenium and the others for the pandemomium.

THOS. G. MCCALMONT, late of Jacksonville, this county, is now principal of the public schools of Madison, Ohio, and one of the most active members of Y. M. C. A. in that State.

WE were pleased to meet our democratic brother Fred Kurtz of the Centre *Reporter* on Saturday last. Mr. Kurtz seem to be a pleasant friendly sort of gentleman and we hope he will come again.

COL. JAMES LOVE of Loverille like a gentleman of the old school as he is, called and paid his sucscription in advance last week The Colone used to be a typo himself and knows how such calls are appreciated.

THE young folks indulged in a "Calico hop" on Monday night in Bush's hall. Jenkins was there and speaks volumes for the lovely appearance of ladies in the calico gowns. As usual the Undine s did themselves proud.

THE following is pronounced by those who have tried it to be an excellent plan for getting up in the morning: Stick your feet out of the window and arrange it so that the sash will fall on them at a certain hour.

FRANK P. BLAIR diden't shoot the president but he keeps the neatest and most elegant jewelry store in this section. It is a perfect emporium. Work is done *on time* by the most masterly workmen and Frank himself is a skillful engraver. His sign and latch string hang out in front of the Brockerhoff House.

THE Old Fort Hotel has been refitted and put in a very neet, cozy condition. It is a perfect little country home for travelers.

Major D. Weidensall the new proprietor is a real pleasant, attentive landlord. We were there on Saturday last and know whereof we affirm.

ABOUT the only way to get good girls to do housework is to marry 'em.—Lewisburg *Cronicle*.

What a beast that man must be! Why, Lewisburg has scores of good girls and pretty too. They come to Bellefonte often and our young men know how to appreciate them, but who would think of asking them, the dainty jewels, to do housework!

THE *Morning Patriot* of yesterday morning, announces that "Jno. B. Linn, Esq., of Bellefonte, is the Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth under the new State administration." Whether correct or not, one thing is certain, Gov. Hartranft cannot make a better appointment. We hope the announcement is not premature.

JOE. JEFFERSON and McWade (the latter an obscure individual) played Rip Van Winkle in Williamsport lately. The daily *Register* thinks McWade is far superior to Jefferson in the hero of Sleepy Hollow. The *Register* man must have been intoxicated or else the *other* troupe got their printing done some place else. Business before reputation!

IT is said that the natives of Bellefonte are all getting bow-legged from working their way up and down the hills of that noted town.—*Raftsman's Journal*.

What a witty fellow Mr. Row must be; Cyrus Gordon is blamed for telling him this story. The latter knows how *Cupid* handles his *bow* here abouts any way; but if he brings that bo-vine editor of the *Journal* to Bellefonte we will surely have a *Row* and if the carroty Cyrus be hurt it will make a commotion among the *Weavers* of that Old Town.

A SLIGHT fire occurred in a little shanty occupied by a colored family near the Presbyterian Church on last Wednesday afternoon. The fire department was promptly on hand and the flames were extinguished in a short time. A rather comfortable looking little dwelling close by—but in no danger at all—was upset and smashed to pieces by some ingenious parties whose enthusiasm got the better of their judgment. The supply of water from the reservoir was not enough to supply a well regulated dairy.

SAMUEL ALEY, shoemaker at Jacksonsonville, has a reputation in his line, but is sometimes sol(e)d in more ways than one. He made a pair of boots for one Hawley, contractor on the L. C. & S. C. railroad, and was sending them to him by the stage driver when a passenger said that he was an employee of Mr. H., and would take the boots to him free of charge. The boots are now worn by a resident of Millheim, and the passenger spent the two dollars and a half for whiskey. Aley is out just one pair of boots, and Mr. Hawley still needs a pair.

WILKINSON, he of the Bush House, invited us back to look at the internal improvements the other day. We were shown the large spacious bake-room and its foreign baker; then the wash-room, and from that the laundry. In the rear of these, are the store-house and the pastry cooks' department. These are all separate and distinct departments, and each has its own superintendent or manager. But the greatest is the new gas machine just erected for the sole use of the house. It is a new-fangled, double back-action sort of concern, and we can't tell much about it, only that it supplies a superior quality of gas for a very small cost. Wilkinson deserves success, for he is a thourough gentleman and knows how to keep a hotel.

OUR "local" waited patiently on Election day for something to "turn up." The streets were patrolled and every crowd interviewed, but nothing of importance transpired. The temperance men were busy while their oponents were not idle and as the day wore away the interest and excitement increased; sleighs were going hither and thither bringing the voters to the polls. He, the 'local' knew that all couldn't go smoothly, there must be a collision, a stampede or something; and it did come, he saw it coming down the street toward our office, and ran to meet it; it was Rev. W. T. Wylie's horse and sleigh in full tilt. The sleigh was demoralized and the horse knew it, wanted to get away from it and made his best recorded time, but it was no use. Our 'local waved his hat, whoa-ed, shook his fist at the horse, but the animal was in a hurry and dashed by like a flash and was soon lost in the distance. No material damage was done but the excitement was great.

OUR CHILDREN.—It is fearful to see the number of children that roam our streets after night fall. We have frequently come near stumbling over little bits of boys and girls who seem to be wandering about by random at an hour when they should be in their beds. The accident of last week was a dreadful warning which should give every parent in the town a life long lesson. What can a mother be thinking of, who is contented to have her boy subjected to all the corrupting influences which come from the mouth of the mandlin drunkard, the sensualist's uncouth tongue or the reckless fool's whim. Body and soul are both in danger. It requires enough care and christain attainment to educate them at home—away from vicious influences. Mothers should not forget that their children begin their education in the cradle. It begins with a mother's or a father's nod, with a sister's gentle pressure of the hand or a brother's noble act of forbearance; with a handful of flowers; with pleasant walks and pure and wholesome conversation; and with thoughts directed in sweet and kindly tones and words, to nature, to beauty, to acts of benevolence, to deeds of virtue, and to the source of all good—to God himself.

THE Bellefonte Press Co. has the best water wheel we ever saw. All the presses in the new and well arranged building of this company are run by this wheel which is only *ten* inches in diameter.

It has attracted considerable attention on account of its novel simplicity and power, for it seems to combine every thing that will utilize the flow of water as applied to machinery. It is a turbine wheel of Houston's patent and in a testing trial of all turbine wheels at Holyoke, Mass., last summer it showed a percentage of about eighty seven,—that is eighty seven out of every hundred pounds of water were utilized, leaving only thirteen per cent for application of the power. This is the highest percentage ever obtained by any patent water wheel, and although in use but three years, it has attained a widespread reputation. Two large manufactories, one in Beloit, Wis., and the other in Providence, R. I., have supplied the great demand for them heretofore, but we are glad to announce that Mr. Wm. P. Duncan of this place is now enlarging his shops and placing the machinery for their manufacture. When completed these works will give employment to quite a number of additional workmen and of course, this will be another valuable improvement to our town.

CHAPPED HANDS, face, rough skin, pimples, ringworm, salt-rheum, and other cutaneous affections cured, and the skin made soft and smooth by using the JUNIPER TAR SOAP, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co, New-York. Be certain to get the Juniper Tar Soap, as there are many worthless imitations made with common tar. 6-4w

THE following Borough officers were elected last Friday:

BOROUGH.

Chief Burgess—S. M. Irwin.
Asst. Burgess—L. A. Miller.
Treasurer—James Harris.
Bor'o. Constable—Isaac Lose.
High Constable—Daniel O'Niel.
Overseer of Poor—Capt. Wm. Cook Capt. W. W. Potter.
Boro. Auditor—Geo. L. Potter Jr.

NORTH WARD.

Council—E. C. Humes.
School Director—J. P. Harris.

SOUTH WARD.

Council—Edward Brown, H. D. Yerger.
School Director—D. G. Bush, D. Garman.

WEST WARD.

Council—Ed. A. Nolan.
School Director—C. T. Garberich.

JACKSONVILLE has a few balky horses, and their owners know it and should never go sleighing with them. A few nights since a jolly party of fifteen spent a fruitless attempt to induce these uncertain animals to draw the sleigh to the top of the hill near William Irvine's residence whither they were bound. It was no use, the horses would not pull and were unhitched, while the ambitious men themselves drew the precious freight to the hill top. One admiring young lady, after being comfortably seated again remarked in an encouraging, way that "*Human* critters were the best after all."

A SURPRISE INDEED.—We understand the quiet domicile of our friend Kinsloe, (Manager of the Bellefonte Press Co.,) and his wife, in Spring township, was invaded last Monday evening, about 8 o'clock, most unceremoniously, and, need we say quite unexpectedly, by a party of ladies and gentlemen, married and single, numbering about thirty persons. Upon entering the premises they took entire and complete possession, and in, we might say, le s than the twinkling of an eye such a collation was spread, provided by the besegers, as would delight both the eyes and the stomach of the most fastidious epicurean. After remaining until a respectably late hour in the evening the party quietly dispersed. Although it was a surprise in which both the beseiged and besegers were equally pleased, the evening was spent in singing and social chit-chat.

"A THING of beauty is a joy forever." Mrs. Anderson's most celebrated chromo is entitled "just so high." We cannot do justice to the picture in words. It must be seen to be appreciated. Imagine standing before you a little girl of thoroughly natural but remarkable beauty, as you gaze her form seems to grow fairly instinct with life and the large, wondrously and expressively beautiful blue eyes look upward with an expectant anxious look. In graceful pose with arm extended over head and pencil in hand, she is engaged marking her height on the wall midway between Ada and Jim. Who shall say what ideas are chasing each other through that little brain? As a parlor ornament it is a perfect gem. Would you have it and without cost? Go to the Book store of James Welsh & Co. and subscribe for one of the best weekly miscellaneous papers in the country and you will receive it as a premium. "TO DAY" is the paper, edited and controlled by Dr. Dio Lewis, one of the greatest journalists of the country. His new paper, like the chromo, is a thing of beauty and worth, both to be had for one years subscription price—the sum of $2,50.

THE first anniversary of the Bellefonte Safeguards of Bellefonte, Pa., will be held in the Wigwam, on Friday evening, Feb. 28th, 1873.

PROGRAMME.

1. Singing—"Our Safeguard Song" Safeguard Singer, page 1
2. Prayer
3. Responsive Scripture Reading Safeguards
4. Singing—"Our Work Song." Safeguard Singer, Page 9
5. Annual Report.
6. Singing—"Sparkling and Bright." Safeguard Singer, Page 5
7. Address and Blackboard Exercise.
8. Singing—"Band of Hope Song." Safeguard Singer, Page 6"
9. Address.
10. Singing—"We'll Conquer." Safeguard Singer, Page 11
11. Benediction.

Evening exercises commence promptly at 7 and close at 8:15. Admittance free all invited.

THE Legislature has passed a declaratory act relative to the law regarding square timber taken afloat in the Susquehanna, which has received the approval of the Governor, and goes into immediate effect. The act states that it is the true intent and meaning of the several acts of this General Assembly regulating the taking up of lumber or logs adrift in the West Branch of the Susquehanna and its tributaries, that none of the provisions thereof are applicable to squared timber taken from landings or moorings, or from the banks of the said streams within the counties of Elk, Cambria, Cameron, Clearfield, Indiana, Centre, Clinton, or Lycoming, by extraordinary freshets or ice-floods, and driven or floated down the said streams thereby, but that all of the said squared timber so, as aforesaid, taken adrift and lodged or found upon the banks, within the bed or on lands adjoining said West Branch or its tributaries, at any point on the same, shall be as fully, to all intents and purposes, the property of those out of whose possession the same was taken by said freshet or floods, at the place at which it may be found, as it was when lying at the landings from which it was taken away, and no claim for salvage, bank leave, or labor expended thereon shall be of any validity whatever in regard thereto, but the parties owning the same, or their agents may enter on the said lands adjoining the said streams, or within the bed or banks thereof, and remove the same by paying such damages as may accrue to the owners of the land on which said timber may be found.

LIST of Letters remaining in the Bellefonte Post Office and unclaimed Feb. 22, 1873.

Mrs. E. Adams, Miss Maggie Benfort, Miss Honer Brown, Mrs. Julia Barlet, Miss Biddy Cratick, Miss Susan Divine, Miss J. Dible, John F. Felory, Miss Jennie Fauster, Rosie Gilmore, Mrs. Rell Garbrick, Miss Rachall Gross, Miss Kate Grant, Miss Matilda R. Gross, Dennis Hays-2 John Hynes, Miss Julia Kelley, Samuel Markle, W. P. McCall, Simon Rodkey, Franklin B. Rebet, Richard Steenson-2 John W. Weaver, Mrs. Melissa Williams, Mrs. Eliza Williams.

Terrible Defeat of King Alcohol.

THE TEMPERANCE MEN JUBILANT.

THE SOVEREIGN WILL OF THE PEOPLE.

Centre County over Four-teen Hundred Majority Against License.

Probably there has not been a local election for a long time in which the people have taken a deeper interest than in the election of last Friday, and one might say that no more important question was ever submitted to them for their decision. We are surprised and gratified at the harmony and unanimity of purpose manifested. Democrats and Republicans, irrespective of party affiliations, have united on this vital issue to rid the community of liquor-selling.—But if the temperance people desire to accomplish all the good that can result from the election of last Friday, they still have a great work to do. The situation is briefly this: The law as it now exists, makes the selling of liquor without license, unlawful, and subject to certain penalties.

By the Local Option Act of March 27, 1872, when the people vote against license, the courts can grant no more licenses. It, therefore, makes the sale of liquor unlawful with the present penalties in full force against the transgressor. It will amount, in fact, to total prohibition.

But it must be remembered that even under the local option act the law will not prove self-enforcing. Its violation must be proved and punished, and the popular vote against license will merely open a wider field for the enforcement of existing prohibitions and penalties. Unless these shall be effectively enforced, a total denial of license will lead to no better results than a partial denial accomplished in the past.

Below we give the result of the vote in this county, and also as far as heard from in adjoining counties:

MAJORITIES AGAINST LICENSE

Bellefonte Boro.	N. Ward	100
	W. Ward	62
Milesburg Boro		95
Howard Boro		27
Philipsburg Boro		94
Unionville		58
Benner Twp		23
Boggs		152
Burnside		9
Curtin		38
Ferguson		94
Haines		7
Halfmoon		63
Harris		193
Howard		35
Huston		45
Liberty		83
Marion		27
Miles		10
Patton		11
Penn		43
Snow Shoe		22
Spring		53
Union		109
Worth		38
Walker		35
Total		1526

MAJORITIES FOR LICENSE

Bellefonte Boro S. ward	12
Gregg	14
Potter	10
Rush	44
Taylor	7
Total	87

Majority against license, 1439.

Blair county gives 2500 maj. against license.

Altoona city 932 majority against license.

Tyrone 500 majority against license.

Williamsport 800 majority against license.

THE PUREST AND SWEETEST COD-LIVER OIL is Hazard & Caswell's, made on the sea shore, from fresh selected livers, by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New-York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market. 6-4w

MARRIED.

"Mighty ones, Love and Death!
Ye are the strong in this world of ours."
MRS HEMANS,

At Milesburg, Jan. 7th, by J. W Clever, Charles H. Else, to Miss Mary C. Byman, both of Milesburg.

On Feb. 13, at the residence of John C. Bricker, in Harris Township, by Rev. M. G. Earhart, Mr. B. B. Kramer of Bellefonte, and Miss Emma Bricker.

At Milesburg, 2nd inst., by the Rev. J. W Cleaver, Alfred Hoy, to Sarepta Shultz, bot of Milesburg.

At Milesburg, 19th inst., by the Rev. J. W Clever, William P. Taylor, and Emma Haupt both of Milesburg.

At the residence of Thomas Burnside, Esq., Bellefonte, on the 11th inst., by the Rev. Henry J. W. Allen, rector of St. Johns P. E. Church, Mr. Daniel Ekinburg, of Charlton, Lucas Co. Iowa, and Miss Lizzie J. Alexander, daughter of William Alexander, of the same place.

DIED.

On Feb. 15, in Boalsburg, Mrs. Wilson, wife of Samuel Wilson, age 77 years.

On Feb. 3, in Shingleton, Nicholas Straw, age 80 years, 11 months and 17 days.

On Feb. 1, in Harris township, Henry Hartswich, aged 73 years.

At Pine Grove mills, Mrs. Lidia Lytle, aged 54 years.

Advertisements.

☞ BY ONE OF THE LEADING PHYSICIANS of Philadelphia city.—A careful examination of mortuary statistics established the fact that one adult person out of every six dies of consumption, and so alarmingly is this disease gaining the ascendancy over all other ills to which flesh is heir, that its approach to one's immediate circle is regarded with perfect horror. If you will carefully examine the records of Materia Medica you will invariably discover that the general want of success in treating diseases has not been a deficiency of pathological knowledge of the functions affected, but of a suitable compound that would act upon the disease and all the sympathetic affections.

This want has at last been met in the Bitter Wine of Iron, prepared by the celebrated Dr. E. F. Kunkle, No 259 North Ninth street, Philadelphia. This excellent compound can be taken by persons with the most delicate stomach without any debilitating effect always giving strength and largely increasing the nervous energy of the patient. In all cases of pulmonary complaints it is admirably adapted to relieve the severity of the symptoms in the advanced stages of the disease, or to arrest it in its incipiency. If you want something that will give you strength, a good appetite, build up your constitution, and in place of moroseness and a lack of energy, give you a brisk and vigorous feeling, try Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It has already received the meed of praise from thousands who have tested its virtues, and for many years maintained its reputation with unfaded popularity.

Price $1 per bottle. E. F. KUNKEL, Sole Proprietor, No. 259 North Ninth street, below Vine, Philadelphia.

Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other. v8n29-1y

Grain and Flour Markets.

Corrected Weekly by C. D. Keller.

BELLEFONTE, Feb. 26 1873.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 10
Red wheat No. 1	1 05
Barley	60
Corn, ears	45
Shelled corn	50
Oats	38
Rye per bushel	60
Buckwheat per bushel	65
Clover seed " "	5 50
Plaster ₱ ton	15 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by C. D. Keller.

Apples, dried, per ₱	@6½
Peaches, dried, per	12½@22
Cherries, dried, per ₱	5
Beans per quart	10
Fresh Butter ₱	30
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per ₱	10
Cheese per ₱	20
Hams per ₱	12
Bacon	8
Lard per ₱	8
Eggs per doz	25
Sides	8
Tallow, per pound	8
Rags	3
Potatoes per bushel	50
Dried Beef	

BOSTON BOOT AND SHOE STORE

WEEKLY PRICE LIST.

Boys Calf Boots, pegged	$3.50
Mens " " "	5,00
Mens " " sewed	5,00
" " " "	6,00
" Grand Duke Alexis, sewed	3,50
" Surge Congress Shoes "	2,50
" Canvass Boots sewed	2,50
Women's Surge Laced Boots	1,25
Mens Grain Slippers	1,00
Womens Cloth Slippers	50
" Surge "	85
" Kid "	95
Boys Buff Congress, pegged	2,00
Mens Patent Leather Boots, sewed	5,50
" " " Congress "	5,00
" Brogans, pegged	1,50

86-tf.

Railroad.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	MILS.	Mail. A.M.	Exs. P.M.
Leave Tyrone	0	9 20	6 45
East Tyrone	1	9 27	6 52
Bald Eagle	5	9 39	7 02
Hannah	10	9 52	7 17
Port Matilda	14	10 01	7 26
Martha	17	10 10	7 35
Julian	21	10 21	7 46
Unionville	26	10 36	8 01
Snow Shoe Intersection	29	10 46	8 11
Arrive Milesburg	31	10 53	8 16
Leave Bellefonte	33	11 07	8 28
Milesburg	31	11 18	8 41
Curtin	34	11 31	8 52
Mount Eagle	37	11 37	8 58
Howard	40	11 46	9 07
Eagleville	44	11 58	9 19
Beech Creek	46	12 06	9 27
Mill Hall	51	12 20	9 41
Flemington	52	12 25	9 45
Lock Haven Intersection	54	12 30	9 50
Arrive Lock Haven	55	12 35	10 00
RETURN.			
Leave Lock Haven	0	2 25	3 05
Lock Haven Intersection	1	2 40	3 10
Flemington	3	2 47	3 17
Mill Hall	4	2 52	3 22
Beech Creek	9	3 06	3 36
Eagleville	11	3 11	3 41
Howard	15	3 26	3 56
Mount Eagle	18	3 35	4 05
Curtin	21	3 41	4 11
Arrive Milesburg	24	3 53	4 24
Leave Bellefonte	26	4 07	4 38
Milesburg	24	4 18	4 47
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	4 22	4 52
Unionville	29	4 37	5 07
Julian	34	4 49	5 19
Martha	38	4 59	5 30
Port Matilda	41	5 09	5 39
Hannah	45	5 18	5 48
Bald Eagle	50	5 33	6 03
East Tyrone	54	5 43	6 13
Arrive Tyrone	55	5 50	6 20

WE HAVE THE

BEST FACILITIES

FOR PRINTING

Sale Bills

IN CENTRE COUNTY.

Orders by Mail Carefully Executed

Parties living at a distance can order by mail being careful to state all particulars, day and hour of sale, and principal articles they desire mentioned, also size and number of Bills, and feel assured their orders will be carefully executed and forwarded immediately by mail or express. Address all orders to

ROBERT P. TUTEN.
Publisher of Bellefonte Republican.